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VOL. 36. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, JULY 18, 1901. NO. 21.

Business Cards.

B. W. GREEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Emporium, Pa.
A business relating to estate, collections, real estates, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 42-1y.

J. C. JOHNSON. J. P. MCNARNEY
JOHNSON & MCNARNEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
EMPORIUM, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. 16-1y.

MICHAEL BRENNAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Collections promptly attended to. Real estate and pension claim agent,
35-1y. Emporium, Pa.

THOMAS WADDINGTON,
Emporium, Pa.,
CONTRACTOR FOR MASONRY AND STONE-CUTTING.
All orders in my line promptly executed. All kinds of building and cut-stone, supplied at low prices. Agent for marble or granite monuments. Lettering neatly done.

AMERICAN HOUSE,
East Emporium, Pa.,
JOHN L. JOHNSON, Prop'r.
Having resumed proprietorship of this old and well established House I invite the patronage of the public. House newly furnished and thoroughly renovated. 48ly

F. D. LEET,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW and INSURANCE AG'T.
EMPORIUM, PA
TO LAND OWNERS AND OTHERS IN CAMERON AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.
I have numerous calls for hemlock and hardwood timber lands, also stumpage &c., and parties desiring either to buy or sell will do well to call on me. F. D. LEET.

CITY HOTEL,
WM. MCGEE, PROPRIETOR
Emporium, Pa.
Having again taken possession of this old and popular house I solicit a share of the public patronage. The house is newly furnished and is one of the best appointed hotels in Cameron county. 30-1y.

THE NOVELTY RESTAURANT,
(Opposite Post Office,)
Emporium, Pa.
WILLIAM MCDONALD, Proprietor.
I take pleasure in informing the public that I have purchased the old and popular Novelty Restaurant, located on Fourth street. It will be my endeavor to serve the public in a manner that shall meet with their approbation. Give me a call. Meals and luncheon served at all hours.
no27-1yr Wm. MCDONALD.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
THOS. J. LYSETT, PROPRIETOR
Near Buffalo Depot, Emporium, Pa.
This new and commodious hotel is now opened for the accommodation of the public. New in all its appointments, every attention will be paid to the guests patronizing this hotel. 27-17-1y

MAY GOULD,
TEACHER OF
PIANO, HARMONY AND THEORY,
Also dealer in all the Popular Sheet Music,
Emporium, Pa.
Scholars taught either at my home on Sixth street or at the homes of the pupils. Out of town scholars will be given dates at my rooms in this place.

F. C. RIECK, D. D. S.,
DENTIST.
Office over Taggart's Drug Store, Emporium, Pa.

Gas and other local anaesthetics administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
SPECIALTY:—Preservation of natural teeth, including Crown and Bridge Work.

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS.

Political Announcements.

All Announcements under this head must be signed by the candidate and paid in advance to insure publication.

STATE DELEGATE.

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Delegate to State Convention, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
E. W. GASKILL.
Shippen, Pa., July 15th, 1901.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
GEO. A. WALKER.
Emporium, Pa., July 15th, 1901.

COUNTY TREASURER.

Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.
ELIHU CHADWICK.
Shippen, Pa., July 13th, 1901.

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Editor Press:—
Please announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Cameron County Republican Convention.
WALTER YOTHERS.
Driftwood, Pa., July 17th, 1901.

Literary Prize Contest.

Answer to question number six:—Sir Walter Scott had never seen Melrose Abbey by moonlight when he wrote the lines referred to. Upon being requested to sign his autograph to the couplet, he wrote instead:—

"Then go and meditate with awe
On things the author never saw;
Who never wandered by the moon,
To see what could be seen by noon."

Query No. 7: Seven Grecian cities contended for the honor of the birthplace of a poet. What was his name?

NOTE.—An author gets inured to seeing grammatical errors, and even misspellings in printed versions of manuscript; but when the typo substitutes "sites" for "cites" it is confusing to the reader, as well as exasperating to the writer. Address answers to question to Box 163, Emporium, Pa.

Church Fair and Festivals.

The ladies of Presbyterian church will serve ice cream and cake, Friday evening, 19th, on the lawn at Mrs. F. A. Hill's on Sixth street. The public cordially invited.

‡ ‡

The Junior Y. P. C. E., of the Presbyterian church will hold a fair in the Lloyd rooms on Wednesday afternoon and evening, July 31st. Come and see us and give us your liberal patronage. Don't forget the date.

‡ ‡

An Ice Cream Sale will be held on the lawn of Mr. George Metzger, Sr., Thursday evening of this week. Proceeds for the benefit of Methodist Episcopal Church Attendance of the public kindly solicited.

The political pot has commenced to boil and candidates are coming to the front. See announcements under proper head.

WALL PAPER!

We have as fine a stock of wall paper as can be found in this county. The designs are all this spring's styles and the prices we are offering these handsome prints at are wonderfully low. We are determined to dispose of this stock.

CARPETS AND MATTINGS.

It is time to replace that old carpet of yours with a new one Our line of carpets is the most handsome we have ever had and are admired by all who have seen them. We have held the carpet trade of this county for a number of years and our low prices and fair treatment have been steadily making this store the most popular.

We also have a very pretty line of mattings.

LACE CURTAINS.

Although the spring season has been somewhat late this year, our sale of curtains has been large. We have some excellent values yet in stock. All wishing good curtains at a low price should call.

M. C. TULIS.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

SMITH.

ISAAC SMITH, Sr., who for many years has been confined in the Danville Insane Asylum, died July 10th, in his 79th year. His remains were brought to Driftwood last Saturday for burial. He will be remembered by many of our citizens.

Big Lake Trout.

P. & E. passenger conductor S. B. Burr, recently presented his friend W. D. Johnson, of this place, with a large lake trout that weighed 28 pounds dressed. It was a beauty and delighted Mr. Johnson.

A New Humorist.

Mr. J. W. Kriner has just appeared in a new role, that of humorist. Having been annoyed by boys standing on the piles of earth thrown up from the excavations for the foundation of the new Emmanuel church, he has had a notice posted which reads, "Please keep off the earth."

Very Commendable Act.

John Cavanaugh, who recently met with a severe loss in the destruction of his home and a portion of his household goods and clothing, by fire, has been handsomly remembered by his fellow laborers in Howard's mill. They presented him with a check for $105.00. Mr. Cavanaugh is a hard working and deserving young man, having recently met with the loss of several fingers and now being visited by the fire demon, the very commendable act will no doubt be appreciated.

Emporium School Board.

At a special meeting of Emporium school board held last Monday evening, the engaging of teachers for next term was completed. The following are the teachers employed:

Prof. C. P. Bastian, Principal.
Miss Helen Van Valkenburg, Ass't.

COLUMBIAN BUILDING.

Grammar—Prof. S. A. Hetrick of Summerville, Pa.
B Intermediate—Miss Mame Cleary.
A Primary—Miss Nettie Moore.
1st B Primary—Miss Blanch Ludlum.
2nd B Primary—Miss Rose Ritchie.

EAST WARD BUILDING.

A Intermediate—Miss Mary Robinson.
B Intermediate—Miss Cora Barker.
A Primary—Miss Claudia Roberts, of Lock Haven Normal.
B Primary—Miss Rose Bair.
Kindergarten—Miss Nina Bryan.

The fall and winter term of school will commence Sept 2d.

Taken to Warren.

Mrs. John Blinzler, wife of our hard working and industrious drayman, was taken to Warren Insane Hospital last Monday morning. Mrs. Blinzler has been afflicted during the past two years and after consulting eminent specialists it was found absolutely necessary to place her at Warren, where it is hoped she may receive relief, if not be permanently cured.

Mr. Blinzler, with his three small children, will make their home with his mother, Mrs. Jas. Johnson. The terrible affliction is hard for the kind husband and children to bear and the PRESS deeply sympathizes with them and sincerely hopes that, with proper treatment, the once happy family may be re-united.

Special Excursion to Pan-American Exposition via Pennsylvania Railroad.

On account of Eagle Day at the Pan-American Exposition, Friday, July 19, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell special excursions tickets on that date from Emporium good going on any regularr train on July 19, and good to return on any regular train within five days, including date of excursion, at rate of $3.60.

These tickets will not be good for passage in parlor or sleeping cars in either direction. 2028-1t

Miss Edna Auchu gives a picnic this afternoon, at Riverside Park, to a number of lady and gentlemen friends, numbering about forty.

BRIEF MENTION.

The Olean races will take place August 6th, 7, 8 and 9th.

The explosion of a river excursion boat at Sunbury, last Saturday resulted in the death of three persons and injury of four.

Wm. McGee, poprietor of the City hotel is making an noticeable improvement by the erection of a new porch in front of that popular house.

Howard C. Benham of Batavia, once committed and once acquitted of wife murder, died of typhoid fever in the hospital at Columbus, Ohio, on Sunday.

Eleven prisoners are now confined in the county jail and if more are committed Sheriff Swope will be puzzled to find room. Court will not be held until October.

The DuBois Courier says that the next Congressman in the new Congressional district will be furnished by Clearfield county. "This is so sudden," that the proposal seems like a joke.—Bradford Era.

Janitor Barker has a gentleman's belt, found in the rear of the court house that he would be pleased to deliver to the owner. His collection of curios are unique.

The county commissioners of Potter county have placed seats on the court house lawn. Why do not our officials do likewise and furnish our citizens a comfortable resort these warm days?

On Tuesday, Floyd, the three year old son of Marcus Taylor of Fifth street, while playing about the stove, was severely burned. The little fellow turned on the gas and then lit a match and threw it into the stove when an explosion followed, with the above results.

The will of Mrs. Harriet B. Cooper, filed in New York city on Wednesday, bequeaths all of her property, valued at $8,000 to her mother, with the exception of $5.00, which she leaves to her husband, whom she designates as "the best of men and amply able to make a living for himself."

The new congressional district in which McKean county is placed has a population of 181,899, distributed by counties as follows: Clearfield, 80,614; Centre, 42,894; Cameron, 7,048; McKean, 51,343. McKinley's majorities in the same last year were: Clearfield, 1899; Centre, 345; Cameron, 457; McKean, 2,892. Total, 5,583.

Last Friday afternoon the house of John Cavanaugh, on Clear Creek, was discovered to be on fire by men, who hurried to the scene and lent their assistance The house was completely destroyed, also quite a lot of furnishings. Mrs. Cavanaugh being sick at the time, was taken to an neighbor's. They are now comfortably located in one of Mark Wright's houses.

Through the generosity of State Senator J. Henry Cochran, of Williamsport, says an exchange, the Rev. George C. Foley, pastor of the Trinity Episcopal church of that city, will make a tour of Europe. Mr. Cochran has presented the reverend gentleman with a letter of credit for $2,500 and a substantial check beside.

All the passenger cars on the Pennsylvania railroad are about to be fitted with windows that will open automatically by the slight pressure of a spring. Those who have wrestled with the "burglarproof" windows of the average train in midsummer, will readily admit that a lot of profanity will be averted by this most simple and much desired device.

The jay who sees a young man in evening clothes with his head harnessed in a collar four inches high, laughs aloud at the folly of the dandy, and the dandy whose neck is held in one position by his collar, sees in the collarless jay an unkempt fool. Educated opinion waxes condescending to the ignorant fool out west, and the westener refers to the superior person in the east as a bigoted fool. And so all men are happy, thinking that the others are fools—and who is the fool anyway.—Ex.

Escaped Prisoner Force Captured and Returned to Emporium Jail Yesterday Morning.

Last Saturday afternoon, about four o'clock, Alva Force, better known as "Jack the Ripper," hailing from Lock-Haven, who was committed to jail for robbing the depot at Driftwood, managed to crawl through the small opening in the jail door and made his escape. Sheriff Swope telegraphed all over the country, giving a discription of the prisoner, and on Tuesday received a telegram from the chief of police at Philadelphia informing him that Force was there, locked up, awaiting his pleasure. Deputy Sheriff Hemphill left on Buffalo Flyer Tuesday noon and returned to Emporium on Flyer, Wednesday morning with the culprit. This was wonderfully quick time, although Harry is known for his quick work when he gets after his man.

The following account of the capture we copy from Tuesday's Philadelphia North America:

A dejected young man sat in his sell in the police station at Tenth and Thompson streets last night, looking at the picture of a pretty girl, the only thing which might give him comfort in his cheerless position. He has been persecuted by jealous rivals, he says, because this girl favored him. He was sent to jail, but escaped; came to Philadelphia, incautiously celebrated his return to freedom, was pursued through the streets and captured by the police; then, just as he was about to be released, was recognized as the jail breaker and locked up. No wonder he was dejected.

This youth of many adventures is Albert Force, of Lock Haven, Pa. He is 19 years old. Edna Lamb, the pretty girl, is 18; but the story of the Lock Haven idyl may follow the story of the unhappy finale in Philadelphia.

CROWD CRIES "STOP THIEF."

Young Mr. Force came into public notice yesterday afternoon near Twelfth street and Girard avenue, when he fled up the avenue half a block in front of a crowd. Cries of "stop thief!" were raised, altogethed without reason, however, and Policeman Anderson joined the chase and captured the fugitive. Leading the pursuers was William Armstrong, of 1315 Rush street. Anderson took his prisoner by the arm and ordered Armstrong to follow them to the police station.

Armstrong told his story with some difficulty. He had met the prisoner in a saloon, he said, and had joined him in several drinks. Then they passed to other resorts, where the stranger continued to buy refreshments liberally. In a communicative moment he showed Armstrong, that person said, a scar which he declared was made by a detective's bullet.

Altogether Armstrong was so interested in his new acquaintance that he refused to consent to part from him. The stranger insisted, even to the point of running. Whereupon Armstrong gave chase, and the arrest resulted.

RECOGNIZES A JAIL BREAKER.

As both men were under the influence of liquor Sergeant Schaeffer had a hard time in getting the story accurately. And when he did he did not know what to do. Armstrong could not make a definite charge, and the prisoner, who said his name was Earnest Ryan, asked pointedly why he was being datained. Schaeffer was just about to release him, when he recalled that a young man named Force, whose description seemed to fit Ryan, had escaped from jail in Emporium, Pa. So he ordered the men put in separate cells, and then questioned the suspect, who soon admitted that he was the fugitive.

"I left jail in Emporium last Saturday," he said, "and will not go back alive. I was a bad boy in Lock Haven, but I never did the things they said I did.

"Some men there were jealous of me because Edna Lamb was in love with me They tried to get her to 'shake' me, but she wouldn't do it. Here is her picture. She is a great girl.

WHY RYAN LEFT TOWN.

"I got into trouble when I sold a bicycle for a man for $20 and then got drunk and lost the money. He was going to have me arrested, and I left town. While I was away the freight station was broken into and robbed, and I was arrested. But I had nothing to do with it. I was sent to the jail at Emporium."

"Why did you break jail if you were innocent?" was asked.

"I didn't break jail," said Force. "The cell was fixed so I could get away. The bars were sawed part way through, and all I had to do was to push them out and get away. Then I came to Philadelphia, and here I am again."

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)
FRIDAY, probably showers.
SATURDAY, Fair.
SUNDAY, Fair.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Subscribe for the PRESS; only $1.50 a year in advance.

A good building lot on Fifth street, for sale. Apply at this office. 7-tf

The largest assortment of summer clothing in the county at N. Seger's.

All kinds and grades of carpets at LaBar's.

New stock of Window Shades in all grades and prices at H. S. Lloyd's.

See those Wilton velvet and Axminster carpets in LaBar's window.

Gloss enamel paints and varnish stains to match your wall paper, at H. S. Lloyd's.

Large stock of Wall Paper at 5c per roll and border at 1½c per yard at H. S. Lloyd's.

Canned Pine Apple in chunks, packed in Singapore, at Balcom & Lloyd's.

Summer clothing at N. Seger's in great variety and at reasonable prices.

Rich and poor can be suited with carpets at LaBar's.

Just received at Balcom & Lloyd's "Salada" Ceylon Tea. Wholesome and delicious.

This hot, sultry weather one can find comfort in summer clothing, such as N. Seger handles. The best at the lowest prices.

CARPETS—CARPETS.—Ninety different patterns to choose from. All new and up-to-date. Call in and see them whether you want to buy or not; no trouble to show goods.
GEO. J. LABAR

You should call on N. Seger, the clothier when in need of goods in the clothing and furnishing line. You are always sure to find what you want and are more stylishly dressed.

Zinc and Grinding Make
Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand. tf

We can convince you of a saving on wall paper of from 25 to 50 per cent. Examine our stock and get our prices.
H. S. LLOYD.

We buy our wall paper direct from the factory and thereby save the jobber's profit. We give this profit to you when you buy your wall paper of us.
H. S. LLOYD.

We have the largest line of summer clothing to be found in this section of the state and for the remainder of the season we will offer extraordinary inducements in this line.
N. SEGER.

SHAW'S PURE MALT—Its value in sickness has been tried and proved. In the home it is not safe to be without it. Absolutely pure.
Sold by F. X. Blumle, Emporium, Pa. n2-yl

Established Business For Sale.

On account of the death of one of the firm the well-known hardware business of Walker, Howard & Company, at Emporium, Pa., is offered for sale, including stock and building or to suit purchaser. Apply to
WALKER, HOWARD & CO.,
8tf. Emporium, Pa.

REDUCED RATES TO THE SEASHORE.

Annual Low-Rate Excursions to Atlantic City, Cape May, etc., via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad has arranged for four low-rate fifteen-day excursions for the present season from Erie, Rouseville, Tionesta, Rochester, Bradford, Clermont, DuBois, and principal intermediate stations to Renovo, inclusive, to Atlantic City, Cape May, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Avalon, Anglesea, Wildwood, or Holly Beach, on Thursdays, July 25, August 8, 22, and September 5, 1901.

Excursion tickets, good to return by regular trains within fifteen days, will be sold at very low rates. Tickets to Atlantic City will be sold via the Delaware River Bridge Route, *the only all rail line*, or via Market Street Wharf Philadelphia.

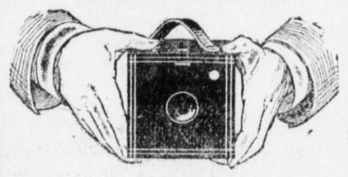
Stop over can be had at Philadelphia, either going or returning.

For information in regard to specific rates and time of trains consult hand bills, apply to ticket agents; E. S. Harrar, Division ticket agent, Williamsport, Pa., or J. A. Fellows, Division Ticket Agent, Buffalo, N. Y.
2025-21-2t

LOST—An Elgin movement, open face, gold watch, with my monogram on back. A liberal reward for its return. CHAS. T. LOGAN.

Undertaker LaBar drove to Driftwood last Saturday and conducted the burial of the late Isaac Smith.

EASTMAN'S KODAK



You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will the rest.

"A Dollar Saved, is a Dollar Earned."

We can save you lots of dollars by buying your Wall Paper, Curtains and Paints of us.

H. S. LLOYD.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion: 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Missing the desk and pile of books upon which he is wont to lean an elbow while speaking, Lord Salisbury once, at a meeting in his own home, walked into the angle of a high folding fire-screen, and finished eloquently a speech he had begun haltingly.

The tiniest village in the world is on Long Island. Far out where the sand-tipped end of the island reaches into the sound is this smallest hamlet. Fire Place is its name. Its population, according to the last census, is 10. Every man in the village holds an office. There are two dwellings.

It is, perhaps rather a curious thing that though the king of England is such an excellent judge of horse flesh, it is years since he has driven himself. Neither he nor the duke of Cornwall has ever shown any leaning toward this pursuit, and it is not likely that the king will be seen driving his own equipage about London. On the other hand, the queen is very fond of her ponies in the country and all her daughters drive.

The preliminary report of the census of Ireland, according to the London Mail, confirms the position that the depopulation of the island contaniues with little abatement. Since 1841, when the population was 8,196,597, the population has fallen off 3,740,051. Of this total there was 1,622,519 lost before 1851 in the great famine. Since then the loss has been more regular, and in the last ten years it amounts to 248,204.

The most costly state funeral which has ever taken place was, perhaps, that of Alexander the Great. A round million was spent in laying Alexander to his rest. The body was placed in a coffin of gold, filled with costly aromatics, and a diadem was placed on the head. The funeral car was embellished with ornaments of pure gold and its weight was so great that it took eighty-four mules more than a year to convey it from Babylon to Syria.

When the King of England goes a-traveling he does not jump an ordinary train and take any vacant seat he can find, instead of that he has his own business car, which has the right of way over almost any railroad in Europe. This car which is just being finished, has been under spasmodic construction for over two years. It is said to run very smoothly, and, as soon as the necessary trial trips have been held, it will be turned over to His Majesty.

Roman, Sig. Marino Torlonia, recently made a bet with his friend, Sig. Silvestrelli, that with his automobile he could beat the railway train in running from Rome to Civita Vecchia, a distance of 42 miles. Sig. Silvestrelli took the train on whose prowess he counted, although it does not appear that the engineer was induced to put on any extra steam, and Sig. Torlonia started with his automobile. The latter won in what seems to have been almost a neck-and-neck finish.

According to the Japan Times a new island has been discovered in the Sea of Japan. From a statement appearing in the Nichi Nichi it appears that the island is situated at a point between Ul-long-do island, off Korea, and the Oki archipelago, off the coasts of the San-in-do, the distance from either side being thirty miles. No maps ever published contain any reference to the island, which is reported to be about two miles in length and about the same in breadth.

Private railway cars have always been associated in the popular mind with great wealth, but a plan has been developed which makes it possible for even a vaudeville actor or business man in ordinary circumstances who wishes to enjoy the luxury of travel to own a private car built according to his own specifications. A car-refitting company in New York city buys old Pullman coaches, tears the inside furnishings out, and refits them according to the wishes of its customers.

In the corridors at Windsor stands a little ebony pedestal, and on it a splendid casket of seventeenth century Italian work, with sides of engraved rock crystal. Within this gorgeous setting lies wide open, on a satin cushion, a little well-worn book. It is General Gordon's Bible, and is open at the gospel according to St. John. Below, a little plate bears an inscription recording the fact that the Bible was presented to Her Majesty by the sister of General Gordon after his death.

CAUSE TO BE PROUD.

Triumph of Republican Policies Justifies the Feeling That Prevails in the Party.

Very few people in this city, or, indeed, in the country, if called upon at the present time to note the important events of the past year, would recall the National Liberty congress held in this city in August, 1900, as a matter of any consequence. It is more probable that many intelligent men would find it necessary to stimulate their memories with some close thinking to recall the faintest recollection of such an event.

Viewed from to-day and the results, that incongruous assemblage called liberty congress appears one of the most ridiculous events of the campaign—the platform partly occupied by a limited number of respectables making speeches to two or three hundred of Mayor Taggart's henchmen, few of whom could comprehend the utterances of the speakers. The solemn farce ended in an earnest appeal, adopted by local democratic henchmen, to rise above party and save the land and the islands of the sea from imperialism and McKinleyism. In view of the result, how absurd that liberty congress now appears. Even the excellent gentlemen who participated in it and hailed Aguinaldo as the George Washington of the Philippines, would be obliged to the writers of history if they should pass over the liberty congress as an inconsequential affair. Their demand, like Mr. Bryan's, was that the president offer the Filipinos in arms independence on the same terms that it was promised by congress to Cuba. The republicans took the ground that the insurgents must recognize the authority of the United States and that local self-government should be extended to the Filipinos as soon as they showed a fitness for it. By a plurality of 871,513 the voters of the United States accepted the plan of the president in preference to that of Mr. Bryan. And now under the republican policy civilization is spreading in the Philippines and hundreds of school teachers have gone to the islands to carry on the work begun by the army and the Taft commission.

Again, five years ago this month, men by the hundreds were going about the country shrieking 16 to 1. By thousands they labeled themselves with the inscription 16 to 1. On the street corners they threatened the safety of men who were so impolitic as to dissent from the unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. Processions carried banners and transparencies marked 16 to 1. The test of democracy was noisy proclamation of 16 to 1. Four years ago Mr. Taggart was suspected of disbelief in the party shibboleth, and to placate that element was compelled to issue a letter declaring his undying devotion to 16 to 1. The republicans, because of a courageous majority, declared for the gold standard. The fight was a fight to the death, but the good sense of the majority prevailed and the silver heresy was rejected. In Indiana there are not a hundred intelligent men in their right mind who would wear a 16 to 1 badge. There is not a democratic orator in Indiana who has a reputation for ordinary intelligence who would not like to revise his wild expressions of devotion to 16 to 1.

Attention is called to these recent political events to remind a great number of people that in every great crisis in the nation's affairs the republican party has fought on the right side and saved the people from disaster and the government from ruin. It seems necessary to do this because so many people forget, from time to time, and assail the party in seasons of security which have come, like the present prosperity, by the triumph of republican policies. It is the one party which can point with pride to its past.—Indianapolis Journal.

Want None of Bryan.

A few days ago a member of the Virginia constitutional convention introduced a resolution reading: "Whereas, it is reported that Hon. William Jennings Bryan will shortly visit Virginia, the president of the convention do invite Mr. Bryan to attend and address the convention at such time as he may designate." The convention refused to consider the resolution. The members, with the exception of about 18, are democrats, but the majority of them evidently are not enthusiastic over Mr. Bryan. Had the convention met at any time between the summer of 1896 and the fall of 1900 it is more than likely that Mr. Bryan would have been invited to address it, had he been in the state, although the Virginia democrats never took so kindly to him as the democrats of some other states. Mr. Bryan has had his day. Perhaps he is philosophical enough to accept the situation uncomplainingly.—Chicago Tribune.

Prospects of Porto Rico.

Porto Rico's treatment by the United States will make American sway in the Philippines popular, and will strengthen the annexation sentiment in Cuba. Within three or four years, it is safe to predict, Porto Rico will be given the full territorial status. The island has already considerable home rule, but it will have more when it enters the list of territories. As a territory it will have made a big advance toward statehood. The American people feel well toward the Porto Ricans. The islanders are showing an appreciation of the good treatment given them by the United States, and are thus putting themselves in the way of further favors. Porto Rico has a bright future.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A BUGABOO EXPLODED.

The Party of the Contented Is Growing Notwithstanding Efforts of the Discontented.

In his Phi Beta Kappa address at Harvard recently Mr. Wayne MacVeagh gave us in substantially its original form the prophecy of Aristotle, now over 2,000 years old, as to the danger to a republic which lurks in a death grapple between the haves and the have nots. Mr. MacVeagh did not trace it farther back than Macaulay, and he set Webster's version above Macaulay's as coming nearer to his own ideas, citing it as follows:

"The freest government would not be long acceptable if the tendency of the laws was to create a rapid accumulation of property in few hands, and to render the great mass of the population dependent and penniless. . . . In the nature of things, those who have not property and see their neighbors possess much more than they think them to need cannot be favorable to laws made for the protection of property. When this class becomes numerous it grows clamorous. It looks upon property as its prey and plunder, and is naturally ready at all times for violence and revolution."

That differs only in phraseology from Macaulay's famous passage which he closed with the portentous sentence: "As for America, we appeal to the twentieth century." Well, the twentieth century is here, and the answer is squarely against Macaulay; yet, curiously enough, Mr. MacVeagh does not seem to realize this. He put into his address on "The Value of Ideals in American Politics" the same prophetic passage on this point that has appeared in every similar address for nearly or quite a hundred years. "Things are going on smoothly enough now, but beware of what may happen when times are less prosperous!" This is the invariable basis for making it. When that point in the address is reached Macaulay and Webster are certain to reappear with their echo of Aristotle, and we are sure to get a modern application of it from the orator. Mr. MacVeagh gave it to us as follows:

"Now, it is at least quite possible that in the not-distant future American politics may transform Mr. Webster's warning into history, for our electorate is already beginning to be divided, and must, in obedience to the law of social evolution, continue more and more to be divided, by that sharp cleavage which separates those who are contented with their lot from those who are discontented with their lot. Under whatever disguises, called by whatever names, inheriting or seizing whatever partisan organizations, the alignment of the two great political divisions of American voters, who will sooner or later struggle against each other for the possession of the government, will inevitably be upon the basis I have named. The party of the contented will be ranged under one banner, and the party of the discontented will be ranged under the other, and that alignment will steadily develop increasing sharpness of division until the party of the discontented, being the majority, has obtained the control of the government, to which, under our system, they are entitled, and then they will be sure to remodel the present system for the distribution of wealth, unless we have previously done so, upon bases wiser and more equitable than those now existing."

Well, have we not just emerged triumphantly from two "alignments," two "divisions of the electorate" of precisely that character? Bryan's candidacy of the "discontented" was the product of the hard times between 1893 and 1895. Those times produced exactly the conditions that Macaulay based his prediction upon, and they came on the very threshold of the century to which he had appealed for his answer. Neithe Aristotle, nor Macaulay, nor Webster, nor MacVeagh could conceive of a more dangerous candidate or leader for the discontented than Bryan was. We had the "sharp cleavage which separates those who are contented with their lot from those who are discontented with their lot," and what was the result when the count was made? Why, that the contented outnumbered the discontented. This was the result in 1896, and it was also the result at the second cleavage in 1900. Does Mr. MacVeagh think that there would be any different result in 1904 if a third cleavage were to be made then?—N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

To Mr. McKinley's Credit.

The refusal of President McKinley to remove Pension Commissioner Evans, despite the tremendous pressure brought to bear against the commissioner by the shyster pension attorneys—not the reputable men engaged in that business—is one of the most creditable acts of the administration. A great deal of money has been spent by the attorneys in working up opposition, and they have even gone so far as to declare that the national committee promised to have Evans removed, but that proves to be, like so many of their rejected claims, a "fake." The soldiers never had a better friend in the pension office than is Commissioner Evans, himself a soldier, and all stories about his being in the slightest degree inimical to the true interests of the veterans are bosh. Commissioner Evans has proved the right man in the right place, despite what certain "professional soldiers" may say to the contrary.—Philadelphia Press.

☞In view of the statement of Chairman Jones, of the democratic national committee, that Bryan will not be renominated by his own party in 1904, and that his pet issues of free coinage and "imperialism" will be laid on the shelf, it would not be surprising to see the Nebraskan at the head of a party of "reformers" three years hence. If the democratic party is reorganized, as has been suggested by Mr. Cleveland and other former leaders in the east, Mr. Bryan may be glad to affiliate himself with this new movement.—Cleveland Leader.

☞The few people who now recall "Coin" Harvey are informed that he has become a resident of Benton county, Ark. He is not realizing from the copyright on his books. It was different five or six years ago.—Indianapolis Journal.

AN AWFUL WRECK.

A Lake Shore Limited Runs Into a Freight Train.

The Engineer and Mail Clerk Were Killed, and Several Other Persons Injured, Two Perhaps Fatally—Terrible Scene.

Nottingham, O., July 10.—The Southwestern limited one of the fastest trains on the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern road, crashed into several freight cars while it was moving at the rate of 55 or 60 miles an hour, and was precipitated into a gully, about 100 feet below early Tuesday morning. Miraculously, only two persons were killed, although seven others were seriously injured, one or two perhaps fatally.

The limited, or "the Cannon Ball," as it is called, eastbound, left Cleveland shortly after 2 o'clock, and had just past Dille street, one of the main thoroughfares of the village, when a freight train—the Southwestern fast freight—passing in the opposite direction on the other track, broke in the middle, it is supposed. The freight was running at the rate of 15 miles an hour, and consisted of 50 cars. When it parted the rear section jumped the track and bounded at an angle right in front of the fast-running limited with its precious load of humanity. The passenger engine in an instant was derailed and was shot down the steep embankment, carrying with it the coal tender, mail, baggage and buffet cars. One of the sleepers left the track, but became detached and remained on the roadbed.

In the rear section of the freight train were 13 cars, and these were telescoped and thrown to either side, and rolled down into the ravine, turning over and over as they went.

The killed: Frank L. Anderson, of Buffalo, engineer of passenger train.

O. G. McCullen, of Cincinnati, mail clerk.

The injured: William J. Elliott, of Buffalo, fireman, fatally injured; Charles W. Gano, of Cleveland, extra conductor on freight, seriously injured; A. Hertz, of Cleveland, conductor on freight, seriously injured, but will recover; Andrew Haund and Harry Maltby, of Buffalo, badly injured; W. M. Baker, of Columbus, mail clerk, badly bruised; E. F. Loveless, of Cincinnati, mail clerk, slightly bruised.

None of the occupants of the passenger coaches were injured, although each was badly shaken up and very much terrified. Then it was that pandemonium reigned. Women shrieked, children cried and men ran hither and thither yelling at the top of their voices. All thought that they were going to certain death. The sudden lurch following the collision had awakened all the passengers. Those aboard the train came from all sections of the country, although not a few took the train at Cleveland, and many were en route from the far west to the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo.

Thirteen freight cars were almost reduced to kindling wood, and their contents, including several car loads of fish, were scattered everywhere.

The baggage car was almost demolished, its roof being the only part remaining intact. Most of the baggage was recovered, although not a little was lost. The mail in pouches was not mutilated, but that part of it which the clerks had been distributing was strewn broadcast. George W. Pepper, superintendent of the mail service, and a postal clerk, arrived shortly after and supervised the collection and disposal of the mails.

The crash made a loud report, and awakened the citizens of Nottingham, who lent all possible aid to the injured.

Drs. I. A. Tripp and W. O. Jenks, of the village, dressed the wounds of the injured and sent them to the Cleveland General hospital in ambulances.

Pierre Lorillard Dies.

New York, July 8.—Pierre Lorillard died at 2:10 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The death of Mr. Lorillard took place at the Fifth Avenue hotel, where he was taken from the Deutschland when that steamer arrived from Europe July 4. The members of the family present at the bedside when the end came were Mr. Lorillard's daughters, Mrs. T. Suffern Tailor and Mrs. Wm. Kent and their husbands and Pierre Lorillard, jr., and wife and also Pierre Lorillard III.

Crops Drying Up.

Topeka, Kan., July 10.—The hot weather in Kansas continues with no immediate prospect of relief. Corn is fast shriveling up, the oats crop is worse than a failure and hay is scarcer than for years. In western Kansas the conditions are better than in the eastern part, this being directly opposite to the usual state of affairs. Some of the central Kansas farmers are shipping their stock to western Kansas so as to take advantage of the superior hay crop.

A Remarkable Feat.

Victoria, B. C., July 10.—Officers and crew of the Norwegian tramp steamer Guernsey have performed a most remarkable feat of marine engineering. Losing their propeller and shaft in mid-ocean, they shifted the cargo until the stern of the boat was tilted high in the air and then put in a new propeller and sha...

Charged With Stealing.

Kansas City, Mo., July 10.—Alfred Thomas Gamage, 29 years old, formely a sergeant in the British army, stationed at Hamilton, Scotland, is under arrest here charged with stealing $500 from the crown. Gamage, who had been known here as Sidney Thomas, of Hamilton, Lenarkshire, Scotland, was arrested at the instance of Frank Stanley Young, British vice consul at Kansas City, to whom he had voluntarily surrendered and confessed. Gamage said he had been disappointed in love, took the money and deserted in 1900.

A Medical Testimonial.

Sirs: We fed our baby on modified cow's milk the first six months, but the milkman did not understand how to modify his cows properly, and in consequence the child lost flesh till he weighed but one pound.

I now procured some of your celebrated Infant's Food. This the baby managed to trade off to the dog for some dog biscuit, which he ate, and is now well and hearty.

The dog died, but dogs are cheap.

We are grateful to you, indeed. You may use my name if you like, John Jones.—Detroit Journal.

Too Suggestive.

"You look discouraged," remarked the visitor.

"And I feel it!" sighed the manager of the great Pacific Slope Prune company. "After all the time and money I have expended proving to the public that the prune is no longer a fake, that miserable old editor has to step in and wreck my assertions."

"I hope he didn't run your ad. in the humorous column?"

"Worse than that! He ran it under the boarding house notices."—Chicago Daily News.

A Matter of Expense.

"Doctor, what is the matter with me?"

"You need about three months' rest from business—that is all."

"Three months' rest? That will cost me $5,000. The other doctor said I needed an operation for appendicitis. That would cost only $100. I think I'll let him operate."—Chicago Tribune.

Baiting Him.

Rodrick—It seems incredible that the wise Bostonian should have been duped by the grafter's game of three shells and a pea.

Van Albert—It is easily explained. The pea was discarded and a bean substituted.—Chicago Daily News.

Laundering Thin Dresses.

To launder the exquisite creations of muslins and lace in which this season abounds has become quite a problem, yet the most delicate materials will not be injured if washed with Ivory Soap and then dried in the shade. But little starch need be used.

ELIZA R. PARKER.

It is better to go to bed hungry sometimes than to get up every morning hopelessly involved in debt.—Christian Intelligencer.

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The dog died, but dogs are cheap.

We are grateful to you, indeed. You may use my name if you like, John Jones.—Detroit Journal.

Insulting.

Dashleigh—That was an insulting thing Miss Swab asked me at the reception last night.

Freshleigh—What was it?

"Wanted to know if I was a college graduate; the idea!"—Ohio State Journal.

Pleasures of Amateur Gardening.

"William, I wish you would go and weed out the flower bed."

William went out and inspected it.

Then he returned.

"It would be a simpler job, Marie," he said, "to flower out the weed bed."—Chicago Tribune.

A Doubtful Compliment.

Miss Mudd—Mr. Freshleigh paid me a very pretty compliment about my hair.

Miss Wise—Indeed!

"Yes; he asked me if it was mine."—Ohio State Journal.

Doctors Mistaken.

It is seldom that a number of doctors agree in a wrong diagnosis, but they evidently did in one case as instanced in the following letter, from Anson, Baker & Co., in New York City: "Your Lotion has cured an acquaintance of Eczema on both legs and feet, after having been pronounced incurable by physicians in and out of Hospitals." Palmer's Lotion has effected many cures that physicians could not and it is the one remedy that should be kept in every home. If your druggist hasn't it send to Solon Palmer, 374 Pearl St., N. Y., for samples of Palmer's Lotion and Lotion Soap.

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Miss Wise—Indeed!

"Yes; he asked me if it was mine."—Ohio State Journal.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes Feel Easy, Cures Corns, Itching, Swollen, Hot, Callous, Smarting, Sore and Sweating Feet. All Druggists and Shoe Stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Hardships of City Life.

"Pa, what's a metropolis?"

"A metropolis, Jimmy, is a place in which it costs you about 25 cents street car fare to get out where you can pick clover."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Pleasures of Amateur Gardening.

"William, I wish you would go and weed out the flower bed."

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Then he returned.

"It would be a simpler job, Marie," he said, "to flower out the weed bed."—Chicago Tribune.

Bronchitis Can Be Cured

With Hoxsie's Croup Cure, speedily. 50 cts.

Insulting.

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Freshleigh—What was it?

"Wanted to know if I was a college graduate; the idea!"—Ohio State Journal.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—John F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

His View of It.

McJigger—I thought your wife was economical.

Thingumbob—Such ignorance! My dear man, no woman is ever economical. She is either extravagant or stingy.—Philadelphia Press.

Old Soldiers!

Now is your opportunity! The right to enter 2,000,000 acres of choice lands in Oklahoma is to be determined by a government drawing. Ex-Union soldiers may register and file by agent. Send $2 and I will prepare your papers and register your names. If claim is secured, an additional fee equal to 5 per cent. of the value of the claim will be charged for selecting the land and filing the Declaratory. Refer to any banker or public official in Oklahoma. Address DICK T. MORGAN, Perry, O. T.

ECONOMY CREAM SEPARATOR

Pays for itself in a few days. Separates in 40 minutes automatically and gets all the cream. Only costs a trifle and lasts forever. AGENTS WANTED—Big pay—every farmer buys. Where we have no agent we will send a Separator at agents' prices, to introduce it. Write for catalogue, prices, etc., to ECONOMY SUPPLY CO., 554 Main St., Kansas City, Mo.

PILES ANAKESIS gives instant relief and POSITIVELY CURES PILES. For free sample address "ANAKESIS," Tribune building, New York.

EDUCATIONAL.

LIMA COLLEGE. Eight Departments. Fine location and building. Strong faculty. Expenses low. Catalogs free. Rev. Carl Ackermann, Ph. D., Pres. LIMA, Ohio.

Get Rid of your Headache!

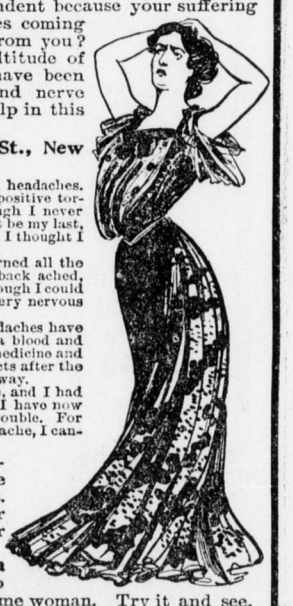
TAKE Dr. Greene's NERVURA

BLOOD and NERVE REMEDY

"MY HEAD WILL BURST!"

"This head will be the death of me and I don't care how soon. I don't want to try to drag through life with pain like this."

Are you going to give up now? Are you tired out with the effort to bear that awful pain? Are you despondent because your suffering makes you haggard and thin? Are lines coming into your face? Is your beauty going from you? Think for one moment of the great multitude of women, suffering in just this way, who have been cured by Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. There is absolute certainty of help in this grand medicine. Here is an instance.



Miss Agnes Graham, 403 W. 28th St., New York City, says:

"For years I endured the greatest agony with sick headaches. My head would throb so that every step I took was positive torture. When I went home, after work, I felt as though I never could get there. It seemed to me that every step must be my last, and when I tried to go up stairs my head ached so bad I thought I must scream.

"Nothing I took helped me. The headaches returned all the time, and I despaired of ever getting over them. My back ached, too, and often I felt so tired and weak it seemed as though I could not go to work. I was badly run down, and in a very nervous condition.

"But I am thankful to say that these terrible headaches have left me, now that I have taken Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I cannot say too much for this great medicine and what it has done for me. I began to feel its good effects after the first dose. I felt brighter and more cheerful in every way.

"After the first bottle, my nervousness was gone, and I had but one attack of headache since taking Nervura. I have now taken four bottles and have had no return of the trouble. For women suffering from woman's greatest enemy, headache, I cannot recommend this wonderful medicine too highly."

Headache powders have lost their effectiveness with you, haven't they? You are letting yourself be driven to narcotic drugs. You are letting your headaches wreck your life. Your doctor fails to help, and your nerves are in an awful state.

Just one bottle of **Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy** will do you so much good that you won't feel like the same woman. Try it and see. If you have complications, get Dr. Greene's free advice by call or letter. His address is 35 W. 14th Street, New York City.

Nervous headache is quickly cured by Dr. Greene's NERVURA

BLOOD and NERVE REMEDY

VERY SPECTACULAR

Prince Chun Preparing to Leave for Germany.

HIS SPECIAL MISSION.

Going There to Apologize for Murder of Von Ketteler.

HIS MILITARY COMPANIONS.

Two German Officers, Formally Attached to the Staff of Count von Waldersee, Will Personally Conduct Him to the Fatherland.

Pekin, July 13.—The departure yesterday from Pekin of Prince Chun, brother of Emperor Kwang-Su, who has been selected formally to apologize to Berlin for the murder of Baron Von Ketteler, was a spectacular event.

A special train took Prince Chun and his suite from here to Taku, from which port he will proceed by steamer to Shanghai. He sails from Shanghai July 20 for Genoa and will proceed directly from there to Berlin by rail.

Prince Chun came to the railroad station in Pekin on horseback. He was gorgeously attired in the royal yellow and followed by a long procession composed of members of his staff, their servants and the luggage on carts. Here he was met by the present German minister to China, Dr. Mumm von Schwarzenstein, a German military band and a guard of honor and two of his brothers. Many Chinese had assembled at the station to bid the prince farewell.

Two German officers, formerly attached to the staff of Field Marshal Count von Waldersee, will personally conduct Prince Caun and his party to Berlin.

Terrible Drouth.

Kansas City, Mo., July 13.—No rain fell yesterday in any part of the drought stricken district, including all of Kansas, western Missouri, Oklahoma and Indian Territory. Over much of this region this was the worst day of the long hot spell, the temperature being more than 100 degrees and no breeze stirring. Corn, oats, hay and potatoes are so badly injured that, even with rain, the yield will be short, and as the weather bureau gives no hope of relief, the outlook is discouraging. At some places in Kansas there has been no rain fall whatever for nearly three months. The present is the worst drougth since 1860, when New England sent food to the settlers of Kansas.

Are Doing All They Can.

Peru, Ind., July 13.—Superintendent E. A. Gould ,of the Wabash railroad, when informed that the state department had asked Gov. Durbin to use his influence to bring about a satisfactory adjustment of differences between the Italian government and the Wabash, arising out of the wreck at Cass, Ind., in which many Italians were killed and injured, replied: "What can the governor do to aid the sufferers more than we are doing? We have extra nurses and are treating the injured the best we know how. We have employed Anglo Domico, a native of Italy, who stays at the hospital and sees that the injured are given whatever they ask for. The dead were buried with due respect."

Exciting Day.

Joliet, Ill., July 13.—Yesterday was a most exciting day here. By an order of the city authorities the Bissell hotel, a large wooden structure, was burned to destroy traces of smallpox. Three other buildings took fire, but the names were extinguished. Among them was German Evangelical church. Fifty people, mostly negroes, were injured. During the progress of the fire three barns in another part of the city were burned to the ground. The Richard Street Methodist church, one of the finest structures in the city, had a narrow escape from destruction. Threats of damage suits against the city are numerous.

New Society Launched.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 13.—At the meeting of the Anti-Cigarette league yesterday another organization was launched to be known as the Young Citizens' league. The new organization is to be a civic society composed of members of the Anti-Cigarette league. Its object will be the instruction and training of its members in the practice and theory of citizens.

Porto Rican Expedition at Buffalo.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 13.—Information has been received here that Gen. Miles has decided to call a meeting of the Society of the Porto Rican Expedition in Buffalo on August 25 and 27. General Miles will preside and it is expected that 1,000 members will be present. Director General Buchanan has designated August 27 as the society's special day at the exposition.

Trying to Locate the Island.

Vancouver, B. C., July 13.—There are now 47 Japanese prisoners guarded by the salmon strikers and marooned on a small island in the Gulf of Georgia, according to the official statement of the union fishermen last evening. The provincial police are trying to locate the island.

Home for Journalists.

Philadelphia, July 13.—After ten years of unremitting effort by the International League of Press Clubs there is soon to be established in New Orange, N. J., the home of journalists.

NO AGREEMENT.

Two Meetings of the Labor Conference Were Held Yesterday Without Result.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 12.—The great labor conference at the Hotel Lincoln yesterday failed to come to any agreement. Another conference will be held this morning.

The object of the conference was the settlement of the strike ordered by the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers in the mills of the American Sheet Steel Co. and in those of the American Steel Hoop Co. The conference also had another purpose in view, the prevention of a general strike in all the mills controlled by the United States Steel Corporation, the two companies in whose mills the strike had been ordered being constituent companies of the great steel combine.

Two sessions were held yesterday. The first convened shortly after 10 o'clock in the morning.

At the afternoon session President Shaffer, in behalf of the Amalgamated association, formally presented the case for the organized workmen and the strikers. He laid stress upon the fact that until this year the union had made no effort directly to force a union in all the plants of the combine for the reason it was thought best to have that movement originate and be carried on among the workmen in the mills. Since last year, however, a new condition confronted the union men. The officials of the various companies had plainly indicated, he said, that they are working on a policy for operating their non-union plants in preference to the union mills, and only working the latter when it was absolutely necessary. This plan, he declared, is forcing the union men to desert the organization in order to get work. The idle mills, being union and the union men being rendered poverty-stricken as the price for being members of the organization means either that the Amalgamated association is going to be disbanded soon or else the non-union mills will have to be made union, so that equal justice will be given to all.

It was a matter of life and death for the Amalgamated association that the non-union mills be done away with, as Mr. Shaffer put the situation. The alleged method adopted by the American Shoe Steel Co. in practically starving the employes of the Old Meadow Mills in Scotland into a non-union agreement was elaborated on and the demand made by that company that the mill be left out of the scale entirely in the future was taken as an indication of what the general plan of the company is in dealing with the Amalgamated association. It means, he said, slow starvation or else complete surrender to the company and the giving up of all rights to organized union in their plants.

In reply to the statements of President Shaffer, the officers of the various companies give an outline of their position. They denied any intention of working an injustice toward union workmen in their mills. The feeling for the Amalgamated men had always been friendly, they said, and they had no desire to force any trouble among them.

The plea on both sides was listened to with the closest attention by all of the members of the conference. The tone on each side was amicable and it was apparent that the manufacturers' representatives were prepared to go a long way to gain a peaceful solution of the existing difficulties.

The members of the two conference committees began presenting arguments in favor of their different positions in the trouble, and this continued until 5 o'clock in the afternoon when by agreement, the meeting was adjourned until 10 o'clock in the morning.

MUST INTERVNE.

Gov. Durbin Has Been Called On by State Department at Washington to Do So.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 12.—Gov. Durbin was called on by the department of state at Washington yesterday to intervene, in his official capacity, in a controversy between the Wabash Railroad Co. and the Italian government, which has been laid before the federal authorities.

The letter to the governor says that the report of the Italian consulate at Chicago went to the Wabash railroad hospital at Peru to see the Italian laborers, who had been injured in a Wabash railroad wreck near Cassa, in which eight Italians were killed outright, and several injured, and that "this report of the consul was denied any communication whatever with the men (the Italians) by the agent of the railroad company."

It says in the report that the consul had gone to the hospital to aid his fellow countrymen, which had arrived from Italy only two days before the wreck and cannot understand a word of English. The Italian consul has declared to the government that the injured men need some one to look after their interests and therefore request has been made of the department of state to intervene in the matter, with a view to obtain permission from the local authorities for Consul Rosadowski to render aid to the Italian hospital patients.

The letter asks Gov. Durbin to take whatever action he deems best under the circumstances to "aid a friendly government."

No Lives Lost.

Helena, Mont., July 12.—Details of the cloudburst which caused a rush of water from the foothills and into the towns of Corbin and Wickes Tuesday night, show that the damage, while not so large as at first believed, was still quite extensive. Much valuable machinery and portions of the building of the Peck ore controller were badly damaged. Every house in Corbin was flooded, but no lives were lost. By transferring passengers around the washed out sections railway travel has been kept up. No figures on the losses are obtainable. Damage at Wickes was small.

THE ENDEAVORERS.

Their Twentieth Annual Session Was Held at Cincinnati.

Delegates From Foreign Lands Were There and Gave Very Interesting Reports—President Clark Re-elected—Convention a Brilliant Success.

Cincinnati, O., July 8.—The twentieth annual convention of the Christian Endeavor society was formally opened here Saturday night by President Francis E. Clark, of Boston.

After his meetings President Clark relinquished the gavel to Bishop Samuel Fallows, of Chicago, who presided throughout the meeting. Secretary of State Louis C. Laylin, of Columbus, welcomed the delegates to the Buckeye state for Gov. Nash, whose physician advised against his coming. He paid an elegant tribute to the Endeavorers, whom he welcomed "thrice into the great and glorious state that has shared so often and supplied so many to service in the destiny of our glorious republic."

Rev. A. M. Myaki, of Osaka, Japan, the secretary of the Christian Endeavorr society in that country, brought greetings from the far off land in a scroll of Japanese, which he read in his native tongue. He then unfurled a magnificent black Japanese banner, which he presented to the convention as a token from his countrymen. Rev. George H. Hubbard, of China; Rev. Alfred Grandier, of Canada, and Rev. William D. Marsh, of Adelaide, Australia, followed with greetings from their countries. The climax of the meeting was reached when Bishop Fallows, as chairman, arose to present President Clark, who delivered to the convention his annual address.

The officers re-elected by the convention were as follows: Francis E. Clark, Boston, president; William W. Shaw, Boston, treasurer; John W. Baer, Boston, general secretary, and F. H. Kidder, Boston, auditor. A new position of financial secretary was created and Rev. Clarence E. Eberman, of Lancaster, Pa., was elected.

The Endeavorers made Sunday a busy day. From morning until evening and during almost every hour of the day there were services.

The afternoon was devoted to three simultaneous evangelistic meetings in the Music hall auditorium.

Cincinnati, July 9.—Another beautiful day greeted the thousands of Christian Endeavorers, who are assembled here in their twentieth annual convention.

The program as arranged by the committee made this the great day of the convention. Many meetings were held and all were large and enthusiastic. The Music hall auditoriums were in use during the morning, noon and evening.

The rally in Auditorium last evening was in many respects the most remarkable gathering of the convention. Over 5,000 persons were present.

Cincinnati, July 10.—The fourth day of the conference of the Christian Endeavor society was a light one so far as the program was concerned, but the Endeavorers in their determination to miss nothing were out enmasse, in attendance at the two big meetings yesterday. At the last moment the three big music hall rallies were turned into two meetings which were held in Auditoriums Endeavor and Williston.

After the usual two quiet hour meetings in the morning which open every day's program, the big auditoriums were thrown open for a discussion of "the Twentieth century church." Rev. Cannon J. B. Richardson, of London, Ont., presided at Auditorium Endeavor, assisted by F. H. Jacobs as musical director. Rev. Dr. Stranahan, of Sabino, led the devotional services and Dr. Marion Lawrence, of Toledo, delivered an address on "The power of the Sunday school." The chief address, however, was that of Principal Booker T. Washington, of the colored normal school at Tuskegee, Ala.

The members of the board of trustees and other offices of the United society gave to President Clark at noon a silver loving cup in commemoration of the twentieth annual conference of the Christian Endeavorers.

Cincinnati, July 11.—The twentieth international convention of the United Society of Christian Endeavor was brought to a close here last night. The convention from beginning to end was a brilliant success and while many of the visitors were disappointed by the enforced absence of Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman, of New York, who is seriously ill at his country home at Winona Lake, Ind., his place on the programs was filled by others. Both President Clark and Secretary Baer expressed themselves as highly gratified with the convention.

The climax of the convention was reached in the two great farewell meetings and simultaneously in Auditoriums Endeavor and Willitson last night. Fully 20,000 people were present. In a spectacular way they rivalled all of their predecessors. President Francis Clark, of Boston, presided in Auditorium Endeavor and Treasurer William Shaw, of Boston, in Auditorium Willitson. They were "purpose" meetings, and as the roll of states was called the leaders of the various delegations responded in brief talks, telling of their plans for spreading Christian Endeavor during the coming year.

Policeman Stabbed.

Chicago, July 8.—Policeman Michael O'Malley was probably fatally stabbed in the abdomen last night by a man whom he had arrested for insulting women on Curtis street. The officer's attention was called by a woman who had been accosted, to three men, one of whom he arrested. He was attacked by the other two, and in the struggle the man under arrest struck the fatal blow. The two then escaped, pursued by the officer until he fell down on the pavement exhausted from the loss of blood.

A BAD WRECK.

A Chicago & Alton Passenger Collides With a Freight Train and Sixteen People are Killed and a Great Many Injured.

Kansas City, July 11.—Sixteen persons are dead, two probably fatally injured, and a large number of others less seriously hurt, as the result of a head-end collision between passenger and fast live stock trains on the Chicago & Alton road near Norton, Mo., at 7 o'clock yesterday. Six were killed outright, four died on a train conveying them to Kansas City and three died at a hospital in this city. The dead:

Daniel McAnna, Slater, Mo., conductor of freight train.

P. J. Anderson, Slater, Mo., engineer freight train.

Frank Bridges, engineer passenger train.

I. S. Rogers, Chicago, United States Express Co. messenger.

Mrs. Gilland and daughter, of Goodland, Ind. These six were killed outright.

D. W. Hooker, of Syracuse, N. Y., died on train.

Mrs. C. W. Snyder, Jasper, N. Y., died on train.

C. L. Roy, cashier of the Wilmington, Ill., bank, died on train.

Sydney Jones, Kansas City, died at St. Joseph's hospital.

Daniel Donnelly, of Mexico, Mo., fireman of the freight train, died at University nospital.

Mrs. Dickson, 67 years old, died at University hospital.

A girl of 20, supposed to be Mrs. Dickson's daughter, died at University hospital.

Mrs. Francis Walker, of Flatbush, Brooklyn, died at St. Joseph's hospital.

The aged, unidentified woman taken to St. Joseph's hospital, is dead.

Conductor McAnna, of the freight train eastbound, had been ordered to meet the second section of the passenger train at Slater, the next station east of Norton, but apparently overlooked the fact that the first section, which was 55 minutes late, had not passed. The head breakman on the freight, who was about four cars from the engine, says Conductor McAnna assumed the throttle himself on leaving Marshall and was running the engine when the collision occurred. The trains met two miles west of Norton, on a curve surmounting a high embankment.

A relief train started from Kansas City at noon nad returned here with the injured at 6 o'clock this evening.

The trains collided while going at a good rate of speed. The engines were pushed to either side of the track and demolished, while the forward cars of the passenger train telescoped each other.

The forward Pullman and the tourist sleeper in front were burned. The baggage car was wrecked and freight cars were piled upon both engines and burned.

Kansas City, Mo., July 12.—Of the 24 persons injured in the Alton wreck who are still in Kansas City hospitals, two were not expected to live through last night and three others are fatally hurt, but probably will survive until to-day. Five of the injured left for their homes this morning. The revised list shows that 19 people are dead so far. Most of the injured were Epworth League excursionists going to San Francisco, and were in the tourist car, in which the greatest havoc was wrought. Many of the uninjured and slightly injured Leaguers have proceeded on their journey.

Indemnity Paid.

Washington, July 11.—The state department has received the amount of the American indemnity claim against Turkey $95,000, through the American legation at Constantinople. The money was paid by the Turkish government to Mr. Leischmann, our minister at Constantinople, was by him placed in the Ottoman bank and drafts remitted for the amount. These drafts have just reached Washington. As is always the case the claims in the aggregate considerably exceed the amount of the indemnity actually paid, but our government has expressed itself satisfied with the payment. It assumes full responsibility for the distribution, the Turkish government paying down a lump sum of $95,000 and leaving it to the state department to distribute among the claimants at its discretion and after its own fashion. It is stated that as soon as the department officials can prepare their list, they will communicate with the claimants.

Damage to Corn Not Extensive.

Omaha, Neb., July 11.—Yesterday's weather conditions were on a par with those of Tuesday, the mercury reaching 102 at 3 o'clock. A moderately warm south wind has been blowing most of the day, and similar conditions prevail throughout a large part of the state. With the exception of the southern portions of the damage to corn has not been extensive, however, although a continuation of the hot winds will soon cause widespread destruction.

An Explosion.

El Paso, Tex., July 11.—An explosion occurred in the engine room of the Kansas City Consolidated Smelter Co. yesterday which set fire to the building, causing a loss of $150,000. Thirteen men employed at the works were injured, one fatally. The hot blast was stopped by the breaking of the belt which connected it with the machinery. This caused the gas from the furnace to rush back into the large pipes which were exploded.

Fireman Badly Hurt.

New York, July 11.—Thomas Langford, chief of the Fifth batallion of the New York fire department, was thrown 30 feet by the breaking of a ladder at No. 88 Prince street yesterday. His back is so badly wrenched that the surgeons at St. Vincent's hospital do not expect him to live. It is feared that his spine is broken. The fire, which burned for an hour before it could be located, caused a damage of at least $40,000, though it was confined to the ostrich feather establishment of Julius Saulk & Co., in which it started.

THROUGH A TRESTLE.

Terrible Plunge of a Freight Train on the Nickel Plate Road at Springfield, Pa.

Conneaut, July 12.—One of the most disastrous wrecks in the history of the Nickel Plate railroad occurred at Springfield, Pa., a few miles east of this city yesterday afternoon. The bridge over a deep gully went down under a freight train, the engine and cars being piled up in a confused mass at the bottom of the ravine.

P. O. Moore, of Conneaut, conductor of the train; George Schwartz, of Springfield, foreman of a gang of laborers, and seven Italians were killed and ten other men received injuries more or less serious.

The railroad has been trying to fill in the gully around the bridge, and the sand is believed to have spread the supports. The trestle is 25 years old. A week or two ago the railroad built a temporary trestle and used it a few days, but went back to the old tracks again.

Yesterday afternoon a large gang of men were at work underneath the trestle. When the freight train ran on to the structure it gave way, precipitating the engine and cars upon the men beneath, with the result that nine men were killed and ten injured. The bodies of the dead were brought to this city, but the names of the foreigners are not obtainable at present.

Among the injured are George Brooks, of Cleveland, O., internally injured, not serious; Charles McDermott and Ira Porter, of Conneaut, and seven foreigners.

A NEW SENATOR.

One Is Appointed to Fill the Unexpired Term of the Late Senator Kyle.

Pierre, S. D., July 12.—Gov. Herried yesterday appointed A. B. Kittredge to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Kyle.

Alfred B. Kittredge is a native of New Hampshire, having been born in Cheshire county, March 26, 1861. His early education was obtained in the public schools, and when 17 years of age he entered Yale university. He was graduated from that institution in 1882 and at once commenced the study of law in the office of Judge Veasey, at Rutland, Vt. In 1884 he entered the Yale law school and was graduated in 1885, being admitted to the bar by the supreme court of Connecticut in June of the same year. He removed to Sioux Falls, S. D., in 1885 and entered into a partnership with C. H. Winsor, one of the leading attorneys of that place. Mr. Kittredge early manifested an interest in state politics and for a long time was former Senator R. F. Pettigrew's trusted lieutenant. In 1896 the two parted on the money question.

WOULD NOT ACCEPT.

Andrew Carnegie Will Not Be a Candidate for Mayor of New York.

New York, July 9.—Some weeks ago the republicans of the Twenty-first assembly district of this county, endorsed a suggestion that Andrew Carnegie be a candidate for mayor of Greater New York. A copy of the resolutions were sent to Mr. Carnegie in Scotland and a reply has been received from him. This reply is made through his private secretary, and reads:

"Mr. Carnegie desires me to say in reply to your highly complimentary letter of the 30th of March that he finds the task he has laid out for himself is one which will require more of his time than any he has yet undertaken. His time will be so fully occupied for a long time to come that it is impossible for him to accept your flattering suggestion, but in doing so he wishes to assure you that his interest in New York is not excelled by any of his citizens."

BY A LIGHTED CIGAR.

Fifteen Thousand Acres of Wheat Were Destroyed.

Great Bend, Kan., July 9.—Fifteen thousand acres of wheat went up in flames here yesterday afternoon. The fire was started by an unknown man throwing a lighted cigar into a field of wheat stubble. Everything was as dry as tinder, and soon a destructive fire was in progress.

All residents here left their work and exhausted every known method for lighting fires, but to no avail, and it was late this evening before the fire was under control.

Roughly estimated the loss in wheat will aggregate 300,000 bushels, nearly all in the western states.

Secured Quarters.

Cleveland, O., July 12.—Commander John Blaes, of the Grand Army Department of Kentucky, and Assistant Quartermaster General Jacob Seibert, of the same Department, both of Louisville, were in Cleveland Thursday and located quarters for the department for encampment week. They also secured free quarters for the rank and file of Kentucky veterans. The department will be well represented at the encampment.

World's Fair in St. Louis in 1903.

St. Louis, Mo., July 12.—The work of the committees and commissions of the Louisiana Purchase exposition is progressing rapidly. The action of the board of directors in formally appropriating $5,000,000 for buildings will enable the president of the United States to make formal announcement to the nations of the world that a worlds' fair will be held here in 1903.

Dynamite Explodes.

Denver, Col., July 12.—A dynamite magazine near the Grant Smelter exploded yesterday. Two Italians were killed and several hurt. Fragments of the victims were strewn over the prairie for hundreds of yards. Windows in the Union Stock Yards bank, were shattered.

At His Own Request.

Chicago, July 12.—Dr. August M. Unger, convicted of conspiracy in the Defenbach insurance case, was taken to Joliet yesterday. Dr. Unger commenced the service of his sentence at his own request.

SURROUNDED JAIL.

Crowd of Men and Boys Are After Negroes.

A DASTARDLY CRIME.

Negroes Are Charged With Assaulting a Young Lady.

CROWD WANTS THEM BAD.

If the Colored Men Are Gotten Hold Of They Will No Doubt Be Treated Very Roughly—A Very Deep Feeling Over the Outrage Is Experienced.

Kansas City, July 13.—A crowd of 2,500 excited men and boys surrounded the county jail here last night, clamoring for vengeance against three negroes, who criminally assaulted Miss Grace Davis Wednesday night in a populous and highly respectable neighborhood. Eight suspects, two of whom have been identified, are held at the jail and it is thought that Marshall Maxwell will be able to protect the prisoners. The crowd so far has done nothing but shout and threaten.

The crime was one of the most daring ever perpetrated here. Miss Davis and her escort, Vernie Newton, were walking together, and at Nineteenth street and Woodland avenue three negroes sprang upon them from behind. Newton was knocked senseless and Miss Davis was dragged four hundred feet into a private park and assaulted. When she recovered consciousness her escort was still insensible. Both are in a critical condition.

At midnight the mob in front of the court house had not diminished but seems to be leaderless, and an offensive movement is unlikely. The crowd is largely composed of the rough element, but many influential citizens were urging the people to go home. It is said six of the negro suspects have been gotten away to the workhouse. The negroes still in jail are the two who have been identified—Joseph Roberts and Frank Holland. There is deep feeling over the outrage among all classes, which had already been aroused by the murder of Tom Scruggs, son of a prominent citizen by a gang of ruffians in Troost park last month.

The mob seems to have abandoned its lynching plan. Five hundred men in squads of 75 are raiding the negro quarter in the North End, chasing and beating negroes and smashing windows.

100 PER CENT.

That Is the Assessment Levied Upon Stock of Seventh National Bank.

Washington, July 13.—Comptroller Dawes received the preliminary report from the receiver of the Seventh National bank of New York City yesterday. The receiver states that his estimate of the value of the assets is of course only approximates. He estimates the amount which finally will be recovered for the depositors from the assets, including stockholders assessment, at about 80 cents on the dollar.

The receiver states that his estimate of the value of the Marquand collateral is less than is claimed by the directors of the bank, and it is claimed by the directors of the bank, and it is possible on this account that the final collections may be somewhat better than the receiver's esmate.

Comptroller Dawes stated yesterday that all transactions connected with the advance of cash to the bank just prior to its failure are being carefully investigated by competent counsel, and that all legal rights of the depositors will be protected in this connection. Comptroller Dawes ordered yesterday an assessment of 100 per cent. on the $500,000 capital stock of the bank.

The report of the receiver contains no reference to any of the investigations now being made into the question of the existence of criminal infractions of law. All these matters are under the charge of the department of justice.

Now Numbers 21 Deaths.

Kansas City, Mo., July 13.—Leslie S. Colburn, of Pawpaw, Mich., died at St. Joseph's hospital at 8 o'clock last night, being the 21st victim of the Chicago & Alton train wreck at Norton, Mo., to succumb. The hospital physicians last night report that the remaining patients are much improved, and although it is impossible to tell what the developments will be in cases where steam has been inhaled, no more deaths are expected, and the more hopeful attendants say all of the patients will recover.

Are Completed.

Buffalo, July 13.—The board of directors of the Pan-American exposition has issued the following: The exposition exhibit buildings, the installation of exhibits therein, the landscape work, and the electric illumination, the most elaborate and successful ever attempted, are completed.

Their Boat Was Swamped.

Santa Barbara, Cal., July 13.—News has been reached here of the taking off San Miguel island of Capt. Krutz of the sealing vessel Santa Cruz, and S. Phillipsen, one of his sailors, by the swamping of their small boat. The Santa Cruz had taken 200 seals when the accident occurred.

Prominent Man Dies.

Dallas, Tex., July 13.—Hon. Richard B. Hubbard, a former governor of Texas and during President Cleveland's administration minister to Japan, died at his home in Tyler, Tex., yesterday.

Cameron County Press

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

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Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less, $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Republican State Convention.

To the Republican electors of Pennsylvania:—

I am directed by the Republican State Oommittee to announce that the Republicans of Pennsylvania, by their duly chosen representatives, will meet in Convention at the Opera House, in the city of Harrisburg, on Wednesday, August 21st, 1901, at 10:30 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of nominating candidates for the following offices, to-wit:

One person for the office of Justice of the Supreme Court.

One person for the office of State Treasurer.

In accordance with the rules governing the organization, the representation in the State Convention will be based on the vote polled at the last Presidential election. Under the rules each legislative district is entitled to one delegate for every two thousand votes cast for the Presidential Electors in 1900, and an additional delegate for every fraction of two thousand votes polled in excess of one thousand.

By order of the Republican State Committee.

FRANK REEDER, Chairman.
W. R. ANDREWS, }
C. E. VOORHEES, } Secretaries.

EDITORIAL MENTION.

Poets usually change their jingle a good deal oftener than they jingle their change.

‡ ‡

Don't forget that collars are wilted both from hard work and from snoozing.

‡ ‡

When a woman ceases to care what she looks like in her bathing suit, she must be getting old.

‡ ‡

W. J. Bryan has purchased the writings of Thomas Jefferson. We hope that he may find time to read them.

‡ ‡

Marvellous to relate, none of the New York yellows have yet claimed the credit of the drop in the temperature.

‡ ‡

Possibly the lightning bug "Blunders through existence with its head-light on behind" in order to avoid rear end collisions.

‡ ‡

Professor Moore is feeling pretty bad over the attacks on him by New York papers. He needn't! New York has a candidate for his job—That's all.

‡ ‡

The people of Omaha are angry because there wasn't enough killing at the recent bull fight out there. Why don't they get up an excursion to the stock-yards?

‡ ‡

The chances are that the Rogers will be broken. Quite right, too. Let a man make provision for art if he will, but let him not forget his natural heirs altogether.

‡ ‡

It is not at least possible that the recent bank failures are due to ill-advised clemency towards those convicted of wrecking such institutions. Nine or ten bank embezzlers are pardoned every year.

‡ ‡

President McKinley, it is said, has become convinced that it will be useless to urge reciprocity in the next Congress, and will abolish the Reciprocity Commission. We hope the report is untrue.

‡ ‡

Consul General Stowe at Capetown has followed the lead of the late Adelbert Hay and resigned, having found his salary altogether inadequate to live on in war times. If Uncle Sam wants to keep good men he must at least pay their living expenses.

‡ ‡

It's curious that the Populists should get so angry because the Republicans are making estimates of Mr. Bryan's fortune. They don't hesitate to make remarks about the wealth of J. Pier pont Morgan and the rest of the millionaires. Turn about is fair play.

‡ ‡

We'll hazard the prophecy that the next big political fight will be on reciprocity with Cuba and that it will be the hottest sort of one. The sugar and tobacco interests will fight the admission of those products tooth and nail, while Cuba must stake her very existence o their entry.

Let Well Enough Alone.

It is estimated that the men employed in the different concerns composing the United States Steel Company number 189,000 receiving $15,000,000 a month in wages, says American Economist. This would be an average of about $80 a month each, or $2.66 per day. But this only represents those directly employed. At least half a million are employed in dependent industries, averaging probably $2 per day, or $300,000,000 a year. Even this does not include the many thousands engaged in transporation, nor does it include the thousands of managers and clerks whose salaries amount to many million of dollars more. Here alone is a purchasing power of enormous strength which traverses every channel of industry. Many of these men own stock in the great concer or loan it money from which they receive dividends or interest.

It is such items as this which make up our immense home market and create a domestic demand for the products of farm and factory beside which our export trade is insignificant-. There is no reason why we should not extend foreign markets as much as possible, but not even at the expense of our sure home market. Free-Traders would ruin this constant domestic demand for the sake of an entrance to a foreign market which we might or might not retain. By letting in a flood of the products of cheap foreign labor we would soon have an adverse balance of trade and our own purchasing power would at once decline because of idleness and lower wages at home. We might better try to sell nothing abroad than to sacrifice a single domestic industry. Our home market is probably fifty times the worth of all foreign markets. Let us preserve it to the fullest extent possible, reaching abroad as well in search of customers for our surplus products. We are increasing our foreign markets very rapidly as it is, much faster than is Free-Trade England. Let well enough alone is a good rule in markets as in everything else.

Who Pays the Tariff.

We call the attention of the Free-Traders to the attitude taken by the Powers in reference to the proposition made by China that she increase her customs duties in order to raise sufficient revenue with which to pay the indemnities demanded, says the American Economist. All unmindful of the claim that the consumer pays the Tariff, which has, according to Free-Trade judgment, been so thoroughly proven to be correct, the Powers refused to consent to China's proposal to increase customs duties on the ground that this would lay the burden on the foreign producers, who would have to pay the increased duties imposed. So far as appears, the Powers were all agreed in respect to this holding. Here is food for thought for Mr. Cleveland, who in his message in 1887, held that the Tariff "raised the price to the consumers of all articles imported and subject to duty by precisely the sum paid for such duties." Here is a field worthy of all the energies of the New England Free-Trade League. There would seem to be room here for an indefinite number of Free-Trade syndicated articles designed to prove that the consumer pays the Tariff. Even Free-Trade England offers a field for such work, for she seems, with the other Powers, to have indorsed the Protectionist claim, or, perhaps we might better say, seems to have acquiesced in what all experience has proved to be true, viz: that it is the seller and not the buyer who pays the Tariff.

In an editorial under the caption, "The Day Begins to Dawn," Henry Watterson, in the Louisville Courier-Journal, discusses the Ohio State convention, and the turning down of Mr. Bryan and the Kansas City platform. He says: "At last the Buckeye valiants are tired of sucking eggs that have no meat in them. They realize that inflationism in all its forms is a losing card. They want to win. To win they must get together. To get together they must get away from dead issues, and line up on live issues. Mr. Bryan has had both his chance and his day. His plea for another trial will not hold water. His dictation no longer exercises any power of command. It means simple hopeless division, continued defeat, ultimate ruin. Anybody with half a mind can see this plainly."

Shippen School Board Proceedings.

Regular meeting of the Directors of Shippen School District, July 6, 1901, all members present. Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Committee to locate school house on Bryan Hill reported location selected on the south side of the main road, on lands of Charles Specht.

Committee on the upper Four Mile school, reported a new school house needed, and recommended that the full board meet on the ground to consider the matter.

Moved by Ostrum, seconded by Peters, that they accept the bid of Casper Sipple for the building of a new school house and out-buildings on Bryan Hill, at $525, Mr. Sipple giving a bond in the sum of $100 to insure the completion of the work. Carried.

Contracts for furnishing wood were let as follows:

West Creek, Mr. Deninny, 10 cords hard wood, 1 cord pine, at $2 per cord.

Whittemore Hill, James Ostrum, 10 cords hardwood, 2 cords pine, at $2 per cord.

Sweezy School, H. J. Newton, 10 cords hard wood, 2 cords pine, at $2 per cord.

Clear Creek, Chas. King, 10 cords hardwood, 1 cord pine, at $2 per cord.

Moved by Spence, seconded by Moon, to burn coal at the Bryan Hill school house.

Elk Run, N. Cutler, 10 cords hardwood, 2 cords pine, at $2 per cord, also 8 cords hardwood, 2 cords dry pine at the Chadwick school house.

On motion of Dixon, O. F. Reed was let the wood for More Hill school, 10 cords of hardwood, 2 cords of pine, at $2 per cord, also 8 cords of hardwood, 2 cords of pine, $1.65 per cord, for Howard Siding.

Three Mile school, Varney Lewis, 3 cords hardwood, 2 cords pine, at $2 per cord.

The following named teachers were engaged for the several schools as follows:

Plank Road, Alda O. Carter, intermediate; Cora Legget, primary; Truman, Mame Williams; Bryan Hill, Lora McQuay; Whittimore Hill, Maggie Lyons; Chadwick, Blanche Moon. Beechwood, Annie A. Evers; Howard Siding, Bertha Gregory; Elk Lick, May Moon; Sweezy School; Gertrude German, Clear Creek, Violet Housler. West Creek, Anna Cleary; Lower Four Mile, Kate Cummings; Shippen, Susan L. Chadwick; Three Mile, Jennie Stiner; More Hill, Will J. Leavitt.

Moved by Ostrum, seconded by Peters, to pay teachers with provisional certificates $30 per month; professional certificates, $32.50 per month. Permanent certificates, $35 per month. Motion carried.

Moved by Warner, seconded by Ostrum, to have seven months school, schools to open Sept. 2, 1901. Carried.

Moved by Ostrum, seconded by Peters, that all teachers teach full hours, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Carried.

Moved by Ostrum, seconded by Peters, that Secretary notify Auditors to correct auditors report. Carried.

Moved by Peters, seconded by Ostrum, that we adjourn until next regular meeting at Court House, Aug. 3, 1901. G. T. DIXON, Sec'y.

A Happy Foot.

The custom of wishing a friend "a happy foot" is to be found in all parts of Europe, and it goes to show how much superstition is connected with our footgear. It is to be assumed that the well fitting boot or shoe, which enables a person to walk in comfort, is symbolical of happiness.

The accidental placing of the right shoe on the left foot, putting a shoe on awry or the breaking of a lace is a bad sign from the popular point of view. To tie the shoe of another individual is indicative of humility and lowly position, yet the Chinese worship the shoes of an upright judge.

There is a curious superstition in some parts of England which advises that when the youngest daughter marries before her sisters the latter should dance at her wedding without shoes in order to insure husbands for themselves. On St. Valentine's eve, according to a similar custom, girls should hang their shoes outside the window if they wish to secure lovers.

Some actresses carefully preserve the boots they wore when they scored their first success and wear them on all important occasions.

Got More For the Money.

A gentleman living in a rural part of England sent his coachman to a neighboring village for 5 shillings' worth of penny stamps.

After a time John returned from his tramp of two miles.

His face wore a self satisfied look when he came into his employer's presence.

"Got the stamps, John?"

"Yes, sir," the man replied, handing over a batch of halfpenny stamps.

"I said penny stamps, John, and you have got halfpenny ones."

"Yes, sir," and the smile widened. "I asked for 5 shillings' worth of stamps, an the postmaster says, 'Halfpenny or penny?' 'Do you sell halfpenny stamps?' I asked. 'Yes,' said he. 'Well,' says I, 'if you can buy stamps for a halfpenny, what's the use of payin a penny?' An I bought the halfpenny stamps, sir."—London Telegraph.

One reason why there are so many bachelors now is that men are never asked any more to hold skeins of yarn while the girls wind.

Reduced Rates to Meeting of Baptist Young People's Union of America, Chicago, via Pennsylvania Railroad.

On account of the International Convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America, to be held in Chicago, July 25 to 28, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from all stations on its lines to Chicago at rate of single fare for the round trip. These tickets will be sold and good going on July 23, 24, and 25, and will be good to return until July 30, inclusive. Tickets remaining on deposit after July 30 will be good returning, leaving Chicago until and including August 24, on payment of fee of 50 cents to Joint Agent.

2015-20-2t

Thousands upon Thousands

of people in both Europe and America are being restored to health and strength by the use of Speer's Port Wine.

This wine is a little higher in price but worth five times as much as others for invalids on account of the iron derived from the soil of the extensive vineyards in which the Oporto Grape vines from Portugal are grown in New Jersey. Speer's Port Wine has been adopted by the mort scientific and experienced physicians. 16-8t

Few people have a better excuse for getting married in haste than a widower with little children.

Children often cry, not from pain, but from hunger, although fed abundantly. The trouble arises from inanition; their food is not assimilated, but devoured, by worms. A few doses of WHITES CREAM VERMIFUGE will destroy the worms, when the children will begin to thrive at once. Price, 25 cents. L. Taggart.

If parrots are as funny as they are said to be, people would own parrots instead of taking comic papers.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Men don't get on the limb of a tree and cut the limb off every day, but they do things equally as foolish.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowledged to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but has stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 75 cts. Sold by L. Taggart. Get Green's Prize Almanac. 2-35-eow.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS:—The Hon. CHAS. A. MAYER President Judge and the Hons. JOHN MCDONALD and GEO. A. WALKER, Associate Judges of Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of Cameron have issued their precept bearing date the 16th day of July, A. D., 1901, and to me directed for holding a Special Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in the Borough of Emporium, Pa., on Monday, the 26th day of Aug. 1901, at 10 o'clock, a. m. and to continue one week.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroners, Justices of the Peace and Constables within the county, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m., of said day, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other rememberances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those who are bound by their recognizance to prosecute against them as will be just.

Dated at Emporium, Pa., July 16th, 1901, and in the 126th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

J. D. SWOPE, Sheriff.

Allegheny . . College.
Founded in 1815.
Good Traditions. Strong Faculty.
Unsurpassed Location.
Reasonable Expenses.
FALL TERM OPENS SEPTEMBER 18TH.
Catalogue and full information sent free of charge to any address on application to
President William H. Crawford,
MEADVILLE, PA.

Get an Education
An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of
Central State Normal School
LOCK HAVEN, Clinton Co., PA.
Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. Send for catalog.
J. P. FLICKINGER, Principal,
Central State Normal School,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

STERLING RUN NEWS.

Our Spring and Summer Goods

Have arrived. A much larger and finer line than we usually buy for warm weather goods. We can't be excelled.
We have the largest and nicest stock of

LADIES' AND MISSES SHIRT WAISTS, WRAPPERS, ETC., ETC.

in the county, at prices that defy competition. Our store is full of good goods and bargains. We invite inspection. Come and see us.

J. E. SMITH,
Sterling Run, Pa.

Summer Announcement

Cramer's Variety Store

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

Complete assortment. Every garment made perfectly. Prices in plain figures. Money back if dissatisfied.

SHIRT WAISTS

2218—LADIES' SHIRT WAIST. Sizes 32, 34, 36, 38, 40.

In White and Colors. Latest styles from 39 cents to $7.

Gowns, Shirts, Corset Covers, Drawers, Chemies. Better look them over.

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits

In Broadcloth, Pebble, Cheviots, Venetians and Home-spuns, ranging in prices from $5.25 to $25.

A nice assortment of

WASH DRESS GOODS.

Lawns, Dimities, Silk Chambrays, Zeyphers and a new supply of Laces and Ribbons, Applique Trimmings in White, Cream and Black. A large line of White Goods and White Lawns.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

Why pay big prices for Pattern Hats? This week we have opened a fine line of PATTERN HATS. They go at low prices.
We have just received the Pan-Am. Toques, and a full line of Golf, Sailor and all other Summer Styles.

AT LESS THAN COST.

We have concluded to close out our stock of Wall Paper, not having room to handle the same. This stock was purchased this spring and comprises all the latest prints. This is a bargain for the people.
Window Shades at the same low prices. They must go too.

W. H. CRAMER'S
The Popular Variety Store.

Auditors' Statement

OF

SHIPPEN SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR YEAR ENDING JUNE, 1901

L. W. SPENCE, Treasurer, in account with Shippen School District for year ending June, 1901.

RECEIPTS.

Received from I. H. Leggett, late Treas	$980 28
Received from Coll. Culver, Tax 1900	711 82
Received State Appropriation	1,896 26
Received from County Treas. 1898 tax	192 00
Received from County Treas. 1899 tax	134 00
Received from County Treas. 1900 tax	1,944 00
Received from L. Lockwood, Coll. 1899	363 28
Received from M. E. Cronk, overpaid	1 15
	$6,222 79

EXPENDITURES.

Paid Teachers' Salaries	$3,345 00
Paid M. E. Cronk, hauling children	160 40
Paid S. S. Hacket, hauling children	209 30
Paid C. R. Kline	10 00
Paid Butler, Sheldon & Co	4 50
Paid Cameron County Press	34 00
Paid Chas. King	10 00
Paid R. S. Ostrum	24 60
Paid W. W. Lewis	27 50
Paid J. W. Lewis	14 00
Paid N. D. Brink	24 00
Paid R. S. Ostrum	20 00
Paid Oscar Reed	18 00
Paid D. Toner	37 31
Paid C. J. Goodnough	10 00
Paid C. Parks	2 50
Paid Roberts & Meek	17 31
Paid N. Cutler	24 00
Paid C. Freeman	20 00
Paid Roberts & Meek	38 14
Paid R. L. Meyers & Co	13 44
Paid N. A. Ostrum	3 45
Paid C. Reed	18 00
Paid W. M. Welsh	6 90
Paid N. A. Ostrum	50 90
Paid I. K. Hockley	35 74
Paid H. S. Lloyd	20 63
Paid Balcom & Lloyd	5 40
Paid H. G. Philips	24 96
Paid Pa. School Journal	7 00
Paid N. A. Ostrum	1 25
Paid T. Lyons	2 20
Paid J. P. Dixon	8 00
Paid Chas. King	2 00
Paid A. Shane	13 00
Paid Casper Sipple	3 50
Paid Emporium School District	9 57
Paid R. S. Ostrum	1 50
Paid N. A. Ostrum	52 00
Paid Mrs. H. Lyons	26 25
Paid Com. I. H. Leggett, ex-Treas. 2 per cent. on $1,984 63	99 68
Paid Com. for 1900—2 per ct. on $4,527.99	90 55
Balance due Shippen School District	1,504 57
	$6,222 79

RECAPITULATION.

Total Receipts	$6,222 79
Total Expenditures	4,718 22
Cash on hand	$1,504 57

ASSETTS.

Due from P. S. Culver, ex-Coll. for 1897	$53 86
Due from C. M. Thomas, Co. Treas.	292 97
Due from P. S. Culver, 1900 tax	460 72
Cash on hand	1,504 57
	$2,252 12

LIABILITIES—None.

L. W. SPENCE, Treasurer, in account with Shippen Township School Building Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Balance from I. H. Leggett, ex-Treas.	$1,176 18
From P. S. Culver, ex-Coll., 1897 fund	57 00
From C. M. Thomas, Co. Treas. 1898 tax	118 31
From L. Lockwood, Coll. on 1898 tax	10 00
	$1,391 49

EXPENDITURES.

Paid I. H. Legget, ex-Treas com. 1900	$20 00
Paid S. E. Murry	22 00
Paid T. Radigan	2 25
Paid Joseph Bissig	3 00
Paid Chas King	42 25
Paid S. S. Hacket	36 02
Paid Tony Shane	16 00
Paid M. Evers	1 50
Paid C. A. Ross	11 25
Paid Casper Sippel	19 49
Paid D. N. Chandler	6 25
Paid B. Ostrum	4 55
Paid Bert Close	1 50
Paid Clark & Hurteau	25 00
Paid E. C. Davy	19 35
Paid P. Schweikart	11 00
Paid H. J. Newton	46 50
Paid A. Shane	12 00
Paid Jacob Andrews	1 50
Paid May Moon	2 25
Paid D. S. Toner	1 50
By Commission on $286.17 at 2 per cent.	5 72
Balance due fund	1,179 60
	1,391 49

RECAPITULATION.

Total Receipts	$1,391 40
Total Expenditures	311 89
Cash on hand	$1079 60

ASSETS.

Due from Coll. Culver, 1895-96-97 tax	998 23
Due from L. Lockwood, Coll. 1898 tax	91 64
Cash on hand	1,079 60
	$2,169 47

LIABILITIES—None.

L. W. SPENCE, in account with Shippen Township School Bond Fund for 1900.

RECEIPTS.

Received from P. S. Culver Collector	$119 27
Received from C.M. Thomas, Co. Treas.	405 00
	$524 27

EXPENDITURES.

By balance paid I. H. Leggett, ex-Tress.	21 51
By Com. paid I. H. Leggett, ex-Treas.	71 44
By Coupons paid	212 50
By Com. on Coupon payments	4 45
To balance due fund	204 37
	$524 27

RECAPITULATION.

Total Receipts	$524 27
Total Expenditures	319 90
Cash on hand	$204 37

ASSETTS.

Cash on hand	$204 37
Due from C. M. Thomas, Co. Treas	67 72
Due from P. S. Culver, Coll.	126 95
	$399 04

LIABILITIES.

Bonds	$3,500 00

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Township of Shippen do hereby certify that we have audited, examined, adjusted and settled the foregoing accounts of L. W. Spence, Treasurer, in account with the several funds of the School District of the Township of Shippen, and the above and foregoing is a true and correct statement of the same.

Witness our hands this 14th day of June, A. D., 1901.

C. R. KLINE,
THOMAS WADDINGTON,
Auditors.

P. S. CULVER, Collector, in account with Shippen Township School Fund.

DR.

To amount 1900 Duplicate	$1,214 57

CR.

By exonerations	64 59
By abatements on $436.31 at 5 per cent.	31 81
By Commission on $436.31 at 2 per cent.	8 72
By Commission on $138.34 at 5 per cent.	6 91
By paid L. W. Spence, Treasurer	1,102 54
Balance due fund	400 72
	$1,214 57

P. S. CULVER, in account with Shippen Township School Building Fund.

DR.

To balance due 1895-96-97 tax	$1,055 23

CR.

By paid L.W. Spence, Treas. June 9, '00	$57 00
Balance due Fund	998 23
	$1,055 23

P. S. CULVER, in account with Shippen Township School Fund.

DR.

To balance due 1896 and 1897 tax	$53 86

CR.

None	
Balance due fund	$53 86

P. S. CULVER, Collector, in account with Shippen Township School Bond Fund.

DR.

To amount of Duplicate	$266 15

CR.

By exonerations	11 10
Cy abatements on $104.58 at 5 per cent.	5 22
By commission o $104.58 at 2 per cent	2 09
By commission on $30.50 at 5 per cent	1 52
By paid L. W. Spence, Treasurer	711 82
Balance due Fund	126 95
	$266 15

We, the undersigned, Auditors of the township of Shippen hereby certify that we have audited, examined, adjusted and settled the foregoing accounts of P. S. Culver, Collector, and late Collector, of Shippen Township, in account with the several funds of the School District of the Township of Shippen and the above and forgoing is a true and correct statement of the same.

Witness our hands this 14th day of June A. D., 1901.

C. R. KLINE,
THOMAS WADDINGTON,
Auditors.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF SHIPPEN TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT.

LIABILITIES.

Bonded indebtedness	$3,500 00

ASSETTS.

Balance in hands of Treasurer	2,783 54
Due from P. S. Culver, ex-Collector	1,052 09
Due from L. Lockwood, ex-Collector	91 64
Due from P. S. Culver, Collector	526 67
Due from County Treasurer	360 69
Taxes of 1901	4,332 62
Value of Real Estate	9,600 00
Value of Personal Property	1,300 00
	$20,052 25
Assetts in excess of Liabilities	$16,552 25
Valuation for 1901, seated	$93,425 00
Valuation for 1901, unseated	239,854 00
	333,279 00

We, the undersigned, Auditors of the Township of Shippen do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct statement of the Liabilities and Assetts of the School District of the Township of Shippen.

Witness our hands this 14th day of June, A. D., 1901.

C. R. KLINE,
THOMAS WADDINGTON,
Auditors.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary upon the estate of EDWARD APPLETON, late of Portage township, Cameron county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requsted to make payment and those having claims to present the same.

GEORGE F. HART, Administrator.
Sizerville, Pa., June 3, 1901-15-6t.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., July 13, 1901.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 10
Graham, "	55
Rye "	55
Buckwheat, "	
Patent Meal, "	1 25
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 25
Chop Feed, "	1 25
White Middlings, "	1 25
Bran, "	1 20
Corn, per bushel,	70
White Oats, per bushel,	45
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.
IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

Only the purest drugs are good for sick people. They can't afford to experiment. You may safely trust your prescriptions with us. We make a specialty of this work and are proud of the success we have achieved.

Doctors appreciate the care and accuracy with which their prescriptions are compounded and that accounts for our large trade.

R. C. DODSON.
Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postalcard or letter, personally.

M. M. Larrabee and wife are taking in Pan-Am. this week.

Miss Rankin, of Bellefonte, is guest of F. T. Beers and wife, at this place.

Mrs. Dorcas Munford, of east ward, who has been on the sick list, is improving.

Jay and Willie Card, of Olean, are visiting their grandmother, Mrs. Griswold.

Our venerable citizen and merchant, Mr. Henry Edgcomb, visited Galeton friends over Sunday.

Orvis Hemphill will leave in a few days for Crescent, Pa., where he will except a permanent position.

Last Sabbath was an important day with Emporium Methodists. Ten members were admitted to membership.

Rev. J. M. Robertson officiated at Port Allegany Episcopal church last Sunday evening in the absence of Dr. Clark.

Geo. I. Easterbrooks is the happy father of a beautiful boy and now rejoices over a happy little family—boy and girl.

Our old and valued subscriber, Geo. O. Easterbrooks, was a welcome PRESS caller on Monday and pushed the date on his PRESS ahead to 1902.

Mr. W. Swanson, one of our esteemed citizens, and a faithful employe of C. B. Howard Co., was a PRESS caller on Monday and continues his paper for another year.

Miss Helen Voshage delighted the Methodist Episcopal congregation last Sunday morning with two solos, beautifully rendered. She has a very sweet voice.

E. N. Mayo, of Austin, was visiting relatives and friends in Emporium on Monday. He contemplates moving to this place and accepting a position with W. D. Johnson.

Emmit Tulis, who has been located in the state of Washington during the past two years, returned home last Saturday. He is kept busy shaking hands with old friends, all of whom are glad to meet him.

Mrs. Straus and Miss Helen Voshage, of Philadelphia, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Julian, at this place, left for Erie yesterday morning on a two weeks' visit when they will return to this place and accompany a party to Buffalo.

The Coudersport Fire Department may send a running team to the Firemen's Convention to be held in Emporium. The boys should begin to practice if they intend to make a favorable showing in any of the events.—Coudersport Enterprise.

Miss Elizabeth Smith has returned home from a six weeks' visit to Philadelphia, Narberth, Chester and Atlantic City. She was accompanied home by Miss Nellie Lingle, of Emporium, who has been visiting in Philadelphia, Camden, Wilmington and Atlantic City. Miss Lingle graduated with the highest honors in the Emporium schools.—Lock Haven Democrat.

Gertie Butler, who was so seriously injured July 4th, is resting and improving as well as can be expected and new hope is experienced by physicians and family that she will completely recover....While speaking of the forty hour devotional services at Port Allegany, the Reporter, in noting the services has the following to say relative to Father Downey of this place: "Father Downey, who is spoken of as the silver-tongued divine of the diocese, preached one of the grandest sermons ever heard in that church. Wednesdays the Fathers went to Coudersport to assist in the forty hour devotional exercises there."....Messrs. A. H. Shaffer and Charles Hockley of Emporium are doing the surveying for the new lines of the Port Allegany Water Co.....The horse whose antics caused the serious accident on July 4th, ran away yesterday with Mr. Butler and his little son, but was stopped before it did any damage. A broken thill started it at the tannery and it ran to the Davis residence on South Main street. It would be a good plan to hang that equine up somewhere.—Port Allegany Reporter. Send it over here, Joe. We have some horsemen in this neck 'o woods that will cause it to be good.

The PRESS neglected to record the fact that Mr. Fred Mills has returned from Alaska, and is visiting his wife at this place. About Sept. 1st Mr. Mills and wife will start for Dawson City, while Mr. Mills will look after his mining claims, said to be some of the most paying in Alaska.

Mrs. Michael O'Connor, of Punxutawney, Pa., stopped in Emporium over Sunday, visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Reed, on Sixth street. Mrs. O'Connor will be pleasantly remembered by many of our citizens as Miss Minnie Melvin.

Mr. and Mrs. John Backman, of Sunbury, Pa., have been guests of R. P. Bingman and family, on Fifth street. Mr. Backman is N. C. R. R. enginier between Sunbury and Harrisburg. They returned home last evening.

Harry L. Putzel, of Philadelphia, was in town on Tuesday calling on old friends. Mr. Putzel was years ago engaged in the clothing business in Emporium and will be pleasantly remembered by many of our citizens.

Mr. Thos. Nagle and son, of Renovo, are visiting Patrick Clair and family at Cameron, this week. Mr. N. in company with Mr. J. C. Lynch visited Emporium on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Lynch and son Paul, of Boston, who have been visiting Mr. P. Clair and family, at Cameron, the past two weeks, left on Tuesday for their home.

Otto Nellis, who recently met with the serious loss of a leg on Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., is improving as rapidly as could be expected.

B. F. Geary, of Lock Haven, and Capt. C. F. Barclay, of Sinnamahoning transacted business in Emporium, last Monday, in relation to the new brick industry.

Philip Schweikart, who has been assisting in W. D. Johnson's store, at Grantonia, returned to Emporium store on Tuesday, where he is kept busy.

Miss Mary Bender who has been visiting her friend Miss Grace Walker departed for her home at Shippensburg, Pa., on Tuesday.

Mrs. W. W. Slocum, of Buffalo, N. Y., is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Gantz of west 5th street. Mrs. Slocum expects to spend the summer here.

Misses Lula Sloatman and Stella Miller, of Williamsport, have been guests of F. P. Rentz and family for several days on their return from Pan-Am.

Mrs. Fred Schoutz, of Williamsport, who has been visiting at Cleveland, was guest of F. P. Rentz and family three days last week.

S. A. Rishell, of Johnstown, was in town visiting his brother over Sunday. He cccompanied Chas. to Buffalo the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Riley Warner drove over to Austin last Wednesday and passed the day pleasantly with Dr. French and family.

Mrs. J. M. Johnson, of Austin, and Mrs. J. S. Douglas, of Olean, N. Y., are guests of Mrs. S. L. Stoddard at this place.

Mrs. J. M. Johnson, of Austin, left Emporium this morning to visit that new grand daughter at Johnstown.

Mrs. Josiah Howard passed part of last week at Lock Haven, guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ross W. Barrows.

Ed. W. Yeagle, clerk in Taggart's drug store visited Williamsport on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Peter Shoup caught seventy black bass last Friday, between Emporium and Sterling Run.

Landlord Mannette is in Pittsburg perchasing interior decorations for Warner House.

C. C. Thomas was injured at W. D. Johnson's Canoe Run job, yesterday by a falling tree.

Elmer Graybell, of Port Allegany, was visiting in town on Monday.

John Catlin and family, of Renovo, visited in Emporium over Sunday.

W. D. Johnson's Canoe Run mill is running day and night.

A. F. Vogt is building an addition to his residence.

Criminal Court, Aug. 26th.

Great Slaughter of Copper Heads.

Snakes almost innumerable are giving the men employed on the construction of the West Branch Valley railroad considerable trouble. According to the Clearfield Journal, copperheads are most numerous and almost as plenty as negroes or Italians. Bert Gressemyer who boards at the Mansion house, visits the camps at Shawsville and Deer Creek, and in two visits in one week he killed fifty-one of these snakes. In a distance of a half mile from the main road to W. B. Hughes's camp he killed seven, and "Billy" Hughes, being skeptical, went along the route and counted them and confirmed Gressemyer's statement. The blasting has started them on the move and the man or woman who travels along the route and does not see a dozen or more is a back number. The gangs of laborers have each one of their number they call the "snake foreman" whose duty it is to keep a look out for these venomous reptiles and protect the men at work. The snake foreman, it is said, of a Deer Creek gang, killed and piled 102 in two days, and who has witnesses who saw and counted them. These, in some cases have been thrown in the river and people living along the stream are protesting as some cattle drinking from the river have been poisoned and died. The state board of health should be notified at once before human life is endangerod by the pollution mentioned.

Should Have Lower Rates.

The question of railroad excursion rates to the Pan-American grows more pressing as the season advances. It is impossible to make people accept the railroad managers' contention that rates are now reasonably low, when they are much higher than the excursion rates to Buffalo and Niagara Falls which have prevailed in former seasons. People argue that by refusing to visit the fair at the higher rates they will eventually force a reduction. Consequently, many are staying away.

This is as injurious to the railroads as it is to the Fair. They have their roads and their equipment. The Fair gives them an opportunity to use both to the fullest capacity all summer. It would cost them no more to run their trains when filled with passengers than to run them half filled. The profit would be much greater. And the Exposition, in which the railroads are all directly interested, would thrive on their liberality. Why cannot the railroads meet the popular expectation in this matter?—Buffalo Express.

Great Musical Treat.

Buffalo is to have a grand-opera season next October. The Maurice Grau Opera Company, which will open in Montreal on October 7th, will then go to Toronto and from that point will come to Buffalo, giving five performances of opera here on October 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th. The operas will be given in the City Convention Hall. S. Kronberg, advance representative of the Grau company, who was in town yesterday, has contracted with the City for the hall, and will have the stage enlarged. The present opening of the stage is 40 feet, which will be increased to 60 feet, and a part of the old stage will be made into dressing-rooms. Among the artists who will be heard here are Calve, Eames, Gadski, Sembrich, Sybil Sanderson, Suzanne Adams Schumann-Heink, Edouard de Reszke, Plancon, Blass, Dippel, De Marchi, Salignac, Campanari, Scotti, Bispham and several new singers. The conductors will be Seppilli, Flon and Damrosch.—Buffalo Commercial.

An Important Decision.

Ashland Telegram: A case stated was presented to his honor in which it was shown that the county treasurer withheld from Schuykill Haven the sum of $54 40 as commission on the amount of liquor license due that borough and paid the same into the treasury for the use of the county. Judge Shay, in a brief opinion, holds that the money was unlawfully retained, and entered judgement in favor of the borough for the amount with interest. This is an important decision and means that every borough and township in the county must be reimbursed by the county for the amounts withheld by the county treasurer during the past six years, amounting in all to about $12.500.

Letter to Judge Brennan.

Emporium, Pa.

Dear Sir: Congressman Belden, of Syracuse, painted his Thousand-Islands cottage in '92 with Devoe; and painted it again in '99, with the same, of course. Takes 80 gallons.

"What! does it last only seven years?" Depends on what you paint for. No one can tell how long a job of paint is going to last in any particular case. The paint may last ten years and the color five.

A summer cottage is painted for color, of course; it is also painted to keep out water, to keep it from rotting.

Seven years is a good long time for paint to look fresh—depends on the color though; some colors last longer than others. Three is too long for some of the prettiest colors. Nothing pays better, in building a house, than a good job of paint; and nothing pays better, in keeping it up, than repainting as soon as the paint shows signs of impairment. But this is to keep it sound. For the looks, you may paint it whenever the freshness is off. It's a matter of color; not of paint.

Yours truly,
42 F. W. DEVOE & Co.

Charles Johnson, aged 42, was found dead to-day in a clump of bushes along the public highway not over six hundred feet from the First National bank, at Kane yesterday. The discovery was made by a boy, who immediately notified the authorities, and the coroner is now investigating.

A Definition of Worship.

The late Robert G. Ingersoll gave the following definition of the word "worship," which is worth committing to memory:

To do justice, to defend the right, to be strength for the weak, a shield for the defenceless, to raise the fallen, to keep peace between neighbors and nations. This is worship.

Work is worship. Labor is the best prayer. To fell the forest, to subdue the earth; to delve in mines for the love of woman. This is worship.

To build a home, to keep a fire on the hearth, to fill with joy the heart of her who rocks the cradle of your child. This is worship.

The poor boy ships before the mast—comes home and puts within his mother's hand a purse snatched from the peril of the sea. This is worship.

The poor widow working night and day keeping the fatherless together, bearing every burden for the love of babes. This is worship.

The sad and weeping wife stays with and bears the insults of a brutal husband for the sake of little ones. This is worship.

The husband, when his wife is prematurely old with grief and pain, sits by her bed and holds her thin, wan hands as rapturously and kisses them as passionately as when they were dimpled. This is worship,

The wife clings to the husband fallen, lifts him from the gutter of degredation, holds him to her heart until her love makes him once more a man. This is worship.

The industrious father, the toiling, patient mother, practice every self-denial to educate their children—to lift them with loving pride above themselves. This is worship.

And when such children are ashamed of such parents because they are homely and wrinkled and ignorant—this is blasphemy.

The boy with his mother's kiss warm on his lips fights for his native land—fights to free his fellowmen—dies by his guns. This is worship.

He who loves worships.

Why Some Towns Die.

More towns die for want of confidence on the part of the business men, and lack of public spirit, than from the rivalry of neighboring towns or adverse surroundings. When a man in search of a home or business location goes to a town and finds everything brimful of hope and enthusiasm over the prospects of the hope and everybody at work to build up the town, he soon becomes imbued with the same spirit, and as a result he drives down his stake and goes to work with the same interest, says an exchange. When, however, he goes to a town and every one expresses doubt and apprehension, in the future prosperity of the place, moping about and indulging in complaints about the imaginary evils which are likely to befall the town, he naturally feels it is no place for him, and at once shakes the dust from his feet, while he pulls with all possible speed for some other town. Consequently, try and make a live, enterprising progressive town out of the one in which you live. When you are working for or saying a good thing for your own town, you are accomplishing all the more for yourself.

What the Bicycle has Done.

A Southern legislator, in advocating the passage of a bill favoring cyclists, delivered himself of the following interesting passage:

"If the history of the good the bicycle has done should be written in its fullest form, with all the details of each individual recited as they are in law books, it would fill more volumes than are found in a law library. It has cured tens of thousands and helped hundreds of thousands of others of a variety of ailments that range over nearly the entire list known to medical practice. It has coaxed the sedentary into the open as nothing else could. It has taken the narrow minded abroad and taught them to love nature. It has been a mode of free transit from the tenements to the woodland for those who were ignorant of pastoral loveliness. It has educated the farmer and statesman up to the economy of good roads and resulted in the improvement of thousands of miles of highways. It has taken our boys from the saloons and our girls from the gossip circle. It has given them joy and healthful exercise and improved their preceptives in a way that will result in a healthier and nobler posterity."

An exchange says that if the farmers would follow these instructions they need never go to any expense to dehorn their cattle. Buy a five cent stick of potash, and when the little horns make the first sign of starting on the calves, wet them over with this caustic stick, and the calf will never know that nature intended that it should have horns.

Stops the Cough
And Works off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents. 26yl

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NOW HERE.

If you want a good suit, now is the time. Don't wait too long. The sooner you come the better selection you will have.

Now about the fit. We can fit you better than anybody in this section. Some people have an idea that we charge more, but that is not the case. We make suits just as cheap and cheaper than others, and you are sure to get a first-class fit and an up-to-date suit. Give us a trial.

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The Tailor and Furnisher.
J. L. FOBERT, Manager

PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

WANTED.

WANTED—A couple of boarders by private family with no children. Apply at this office.

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7 Ada Place, Buffalo, N. Y. Take Jefferson car to Lyth Ave. 75 cents per night for one or $1.50 per room.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, five minutes ride from Pan-American grounds. Address
MRS. N. M. GOULD,
428 Ashland Ave.,
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LOST.

KNIFE—A valuable pen knife; brown bone handle. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving same at this office.

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FOR SALE—A good house and lot known as the Belanger property, situated on East Fifth Street, Emporium, for sale at a bargain. Gas and water. Apply to JOHNSON & McNARNEY, Emporium, Pa. 6t

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SPECIAL OFFER—We will send any 4 books described, postpaid, for 25c.
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Furniture Dealers.
Funeral Directors.
Residence up Stairs. Open all Night.
BERNARD EGAN, Manager.

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PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES
AND KALSOMINE.

Plenty of houses in town painted ten to twelve years, with my paint, which I would be glad to show any man. Ask some other dealer in town to show you a house painted ten years with his paint, and he will ask to be excused.

WALL PAPER!
PRICE REDUCED!
VARIETY UNEXCELLED.

The wall paper hangers in town are boycotting me—don't know whether you can get one of them to hang my paper or not, but buy my paper and I will see that your rooms are properly adorned. Another year you will get your decorating done for less money than you ever heard of, and it may be done this season yet.

A Word of Warning.
L. TAGGART.

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All popular and Guaranteed makes of
Bicycles. Eight Kinds.
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SUMMER DAINTIES.

When the murcury is high then the spirit languishes and the appetite is tempted by the use of relishes. Summer dainties of the daintiest description and of varieties too numerous to mention, are to be found among our groceries.

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of the highest quality possible; in bulk or in glass. Sweet, sour, mixed or plain.

KETCHUP AND CHILLI SAUCE,
10c to 25c per bottle.

MEAT DRESSING,
INDIA RELISH,
SALAD DBESSING,
PURE OLIVE OIL.

FINEST QUALITY OLIVES.
Various styles and sizes. 10c to 80c per bottle.
Try our stuffed Olives.

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of many kinds, ready to serve, and at very moderate prices.

FINE TEAS and COFFEE.
Try our "Royal" Mocha and and Java, 35c lb. 3lbs. $1.00.

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HEADQUARTERS FOR
Popular Bakery,
FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
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CONFECTIONERY
Daily Delivery.
All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

LIFE'S LESSON.

'Tis but folly and madness to sit down in sadness,
And sigh for the past when the future is ours;
Though the way may be dreary, and the heart faint and weary,
We may list for the bird songs and look for the flowers.

It is true there are hours when bird songs and flowers
Would mock with their beauty and brightness our gloom;
When to ease the heart's aching, we would welcome its breaking,
To gain thus the stillness and rest of the tomb.

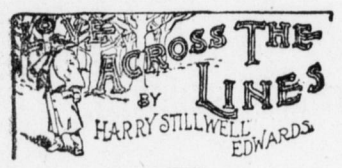
When springing all 'round us are sharp thorns that wound us,
And many the pitfalls that lie in our way;
When over life's meadows hang fierce, threatening shadows,
And Hope's beacon sheds not one glimmering ray.

But the dark clouds that over life's fair meadows hover
May be freighted with blessings and melt soon to rain;
While the sun's brighter shining will shame our repining,
And the landscape stands out in its gladness again.

Tho' life hath its losses, its cares and its crosses,
The loss and the cross may still be for our best,
And each homely duty hold some hidden beauty,
E'en by labor we learn the sweet meaning of rest.

Thus by pain may we measure the worth of each pleasure—
We value our wealth by the wants we have known;
And joy after sorrow, by contrast we borrow
A completeness and sweetness fuller e'en than its own.

—Alice R. Corson, in Minneapolis Housekeeper.



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CHAPTER XIII.—CONTINUED.

Holbin had heard of Frances' latest whim, the union soldier. He had not interested himself in the latter's welfare, but he made his appearance in the wingroom on the day after Louise had been pacified, and, finding only mammy there with the wounded man, he entered and engaged him in cheerful conversation. He gave him the latest news from the front, and supplied him with cigars. Responding to these attentions, the soldier readily told his story. When the name of Richard Somers, his former enemy, was reached, Holbin was visibly excited. Still, not for one instant did it occur to him to connect the presence of the wounded man in that room with the fact that Somers was his captain; and the soldier himself naturally took it for granted that the cause of his presence was well understood by all.

Frances found Holbin there, and stood silently resentful upon the threshold until he had explained his visit.

"I am told by the clerk in the department," he said, "that you had secured a pass for your protege, and I was repentant that you had been forced to ge there in person. I have called now to offer my assistance. There is something else to be done for a wounded man besides getting him a pass. He must have transportation and assistance generally."

"I have been thinking of that," she admitted, troubled.

"If I may be allowed to do a wounded enemy a service," said Holbin, "I shall take him in my buggy to our outposts."

"I am sure that he will be greatly obliged." The soldier expressed himself grateful, and Holbin went away, making light of the service and without further effort to trespass upon the girl's rare mood. On the inner stair he paused in deep thought, his dark face savagely triumphant. His mother met him in the hall above and read excitement in his every movement.

"What is it, Raymond?" He hesitated and smiled wickedly.

"I am afraid even you would be shocked, mother mine. But trust me, when I do tell you about it, you will not be ashamed of your cub."

"Raymond, how dare you?" The woman's face grew crimson, and then white as from a sudden terror. He showed his teeth and disappeared before she could stop him. Angry and uneasy, she sought her own room.

The wounded soldier rode next day with Raymond Holbin, his pale face reflecting the light of liberty's sun not yet risen for him, his blue uniform dusted and cleaned until every button was as of gold.

"Good-by, miss," he said; "I'll deliver your message, an' I know the cap'n 'll be a proud man to see me back!" He offered mammy his last greenback, but it was indignantly refused, witnesses being present.

"Dat green money ain't no good down here nohow."

"It will be," said the soldier, simply.

Holbin returned next day and gave a vivid account of his parting with the happy prisoner; and then he immediately sought his own room; but not before Frances, a little ashamed of herself, had thanked him warmly for his kindness to her soldier.

Upon the same day the confederate relief picket found a federal soldier lying dead within their lines. He had been shot from behind with a pistol held so close to his coat that it was burned by the powder. The affair afforded but a few minutes' discussion, for the explosion of firearms was almost incessant at times, and dead men in June, 1862, were plentiful around Richmond. The only part of the mystery worth considering from the military standpoint was how the man got through the lines at that particular place. A watch taken from his body contained the names of Capt. Richard Somers and the regiment to which he was attached, and also the likeness of an elderly woman. It was surmised that the victim of the pistol shot was a deserter and robber; that he had been captured and killed while attempting violence or an escape. The officer into whose possession the watch drifted was in charge of a burial party next day under a flag of truce, and, learning that Capt. Somers was among the troops opposite, sent the watch to him with a courteous explanation. The gratification of Capt. Somers was only equaled by his bewilderment. Many weeks before he had intrusted the jewel to his faithful artilleryman, and this soldier, he had been assured, was left dead upon the bloody battlefield. His conclusion was that some one had robbed the body at that time and had been overtaken by fate while engaged in some other nefarious enterprise. But when Capt. Somers casually opened the locket and found therein a long, slender curl of reddish-golden hair and on the narrow ribbon with which it was tied the name "Frances," he was involved in a hopeless mystery. He was within sound of the Richmond church bells that morning, and between the intervals of fighting and moving to new positions he had already in imagination entered that city. The name thus sent was the only tidings of Frances he had ever received, and it made him a sadly happy man.

CHAPTER XIV.

Locked within his own room, Raymond Holbin drew from his pocket the packet of papers taken by him from the murdered man with the official order for which he had committed the crime. The order read: "Pass the bearer, Thomas Riley, paroled prisoner, through the lines." "It will not do Loiuse much good, anyway," he said, "even were I disposed to give it to her." The name "Martha Somers" upon the sealed packet attracted his attention, and he recognized in a Delaware address beneath the home of Richard Somers. He remembered then the dead soldier's description of the battle in which he was wounded, and guessed that the packet contained the papers given to him to deliver. Holbin would hardly have troubled himself to wade through a score of farewell pages from a soldier to his mother, and would have promptly destroyed the whole collection, but that the remaining envelope, addressed to Richard Somers, lay before him, and upon it his eye caught the Brookin crest.

"This is very different," he said to himself with interest. "Let us see what Frances has to say to the fellow." He broke the seal and read:

"I send you back, well and free, the man who saved your life; I found him grievously wounded—a prisoner. It is all that I have been able to do in return for your kindness to me, a stranger, and for the wound you received in my house. Think me not indelicate when I say that the sweetest memory my heart carries is in the memory of your face beneath the match that night and of the words 'Frances, my wife,' which you have engraved in your locket, and over which I have placed a message to you. Forgive me; it can never matter much, for a sea of blood rolls between us. Good night. God be with you till we meet—in Heaven.

"FRANCES."

Holbin sat gazing blankly upon the lines. His head was in a whirl.

"Her husband! her husband! Pshaw!" he exclaimed with an uneasy laugh, springing to his feet and beginning to walk the floor, "this comes of the damnable work out yonder to-day; my nerves are simply unstrung." He took a bottle from his dresser, poured out a stiff drink, and tossed it off with one gulp. Then he went back to his

THE CONFEDERATE PICKET FOUND A FEDERAL SOLDIER LYING DEAD WITHIN THEIR LINES.

table and, picking up the letter, read aloud: "wound received in my house"—"your face beneath the lighted match." As he stood thus the letter slipped from his hand. "Louise!" he whispered, "the man whom Louise shot!" Not in all the vicissitudes of his wild career had Holbin received such a shock of surprise. His mind, dazed and bewildered, could not arrange a deduction beyond the discovery that Richard Somers was the man around whom so much of mystery had gathered, and that Frances referred to him in the tender word "husband." He laid his hand upon the bell-cord and hesitated; then his wicked smile came back again as he pulled it.

"Tell your mistress I shall be glad if she will favor me with her presence here," he said to William. When, a few minutes later, Mrs. Brookin came into the room he failed to hear her.

"What is it, Raymond?" she asked. He roused himself and spoke rapidly.

"Frances got her wounded soldier a pass through our lines, and to please her I carried him to the front. After he left me I found these papers in the buggy where he had dropped them. The fellow's captain is Richard Somers."

"Richard Somers!"

"And now, madam, read the note from Frances to him and let me congratulate you upon—"

She read it rapidly, and when her amazed face was lifted he added:

"Your son-in-law."

"I do not understand! What does it mean?"

"Answer that question for me, mother; my head has ceased to be of any assistance. Undoubtedly, however, the woman who you lead me to believe gave you her promise to marry me some day is already in point of law Richard Somer's wife and has forfeited her right to any part of her father's estate. Madam, fortune favors the bold; I congratulate you!" His manner betrayed an intense excitement and bitterness.

"Wait, wait!" said the woman, quietly, her eyes riveted upon the letter. "It seems that he was her husband that night. Was not that night prior to the signing of the will?"

"Yes, the night before." The son, looking upon his mother's face, could find no evidence of satisfaction there. It was ghastly. "Why, what is it now?"

"A stronger will and a clearer head than we imagined has been at war with us. I do not know the law, but they were trying to defeat the will in advance. It does defeat it in some way, or our enemies would not have taken the risk. If Frances were really married before the will was signed, she cannot comply with its requirements, and the law will not demand an impossibility."

"Well!" He bent forward, his voice reduced to a whisper.

"We have lost, you and I. Except for my pittance, we shall be beggars upon the day that Frances comes of age; and that day is near at hand."

A long silence followed, and then the eyes of mother and son met.

"Do you not share alike if the will fails?"

"No. The intention of my husband will be operative; only the condition fails. There is no hope that way." His mother looked from him and spoke slowly.

"Is there no remedy?" he asked.

"Yes. If Richard Somers is not living when Frances comes of age, or should Frances—"

"Mother, mother, take care!" The words burst in sudden energy from the wretched man. "Lift a hand to harm but one hair of her head, and, by the Mother of God—"

"Hush! Hush!" she said, quietly. "You love her; that is enough. She is safe."

"Swear it."

"Read the other letter," she said, disregarding him. "It is likely that a man would mention his wife in his last letter to his mother." Raymond stripped off the envelope and shook two letters to the table. One, unsealed, was addressed to Mrs. Martha Somers.

"Nothing but gush," he said, running his eye hurriedly over the lines. Mrs. Brookin had picked up the other, which was addressed to Dr. Brodnar.

"We are getting to the heart of the mystery," she said. "Read this one." Raymond read in silence first, and then, leaning forward, excitedly read aloud:

"Go to the girl I married at your request and say death has dissolved the bond. Break the news to her as gently as possible, for I have been vain enough to believe that the child loves me. You prepared the way by your partiality, and her loneliness and excess of gratitude accomplished the rest. Let me confess that I have been foolish enough to love her and to dream that some day you would permit me to return and openly seek her out. But this cursed war has killed my dream, Brodnar, and if this letter reaches you, it will be after it has killed your friend also! Go to her and say that since he met her Richard Somers has loved her as a man loves but once."

There were other lines dealing with the friendship between the two men while in Paris and containing a tender farewell.

"It is now plain to me," he said. "The meddlesome scoundrel Brodnar is the author of the whole plot!" Mrs. Brookin folded the letters into their places. Her hands were without a tremor.

"Let them keep their secret. To inform them is to arm them. We will continue to be—their dupes. Richard Somers may not be living when Frances reaches twenty-one; who can tell? The man who lost those letters has, I suppose, ere this made a full report."

"The man who lost the letters, mother, has reported elsewhere with a bullet through his heart."

"Raymond!"

"What does it matter? We are killing them in front of our lines every day. One behind counts for little. He had a pass; I needed it. I need it now more than ever." The woman's face glowed with a sudden light.

"You are too rash, my boy; take no steps before consulting me. In the meantime these papers have no value for us. Burn them, burn them now! But no! give me the letter to Brodnar; it may be valuable some day as evidence that Richard Somers is dead." One by one Holbin held the others over lighted matches and saw them vanish into cinders. His mother placed her hand upon his shoulder.

"Raymond, you are again planning to cross the lines—"

"I know what I am doing! Do not seek to influence me."

"What do you mean?"

"There is no time for explanation, nor is there any need, for you already understand. It is sufficient to say that I am going across the lines for more than one purpose now."

"There are all sorts of people in an army," she said; "I have seen it stated that many officers killed in battle are shot from behind."

"That is one," he replied, "and men who serve their country in time of war are forgiven many things. I am in possession of that which will secure for me a review of my case and restore to me my commission. I have offered my sword to the confederacy once; the next time I will offer it point first!"

"You have valuable information for sale. Is that what you mean? Go slow upon that line; if you draw your sword against Virginia openly you sacrifice all interests here. Better be a friend to both sides, and when you come back with proofs that Richard Somers is really dead all may yet be well. If she is free at 21 the will is binding, even if it were held that she has not already sacrificed her interest."

"Come what may," he said, passionately, "while I live Brodnar shall never see Frances Brookin the wife in truth of Richard Somers."

"Nor while I live," said his mother; "there is my hand upon it."

"Keep out of it, mother, keep out, or you will regret it!" said the wretched man.

"Ungrateful boy! Where is your promise? Do you repudiate that? Have you forgotten your danger?"

"No, but she shall not suffer at your hands. Leave her to me. And, mother, if you ever find us dead together in that room downstairs, have no thought of me. The man who has neither love nor revenge has nothing to live for." He seized his hat and rushed from her presence.

[To Be Continued.]

HE WAS A MIGHTY RICH MAN.

But His Wealth Consisted in Never Owing Anyone a Cent.

A gentleman recently took a ride with an old New England farmer through one of the pretty little villages that are common in that region, during which some of the men in the neighborhood came under criticism, says the Chicago Times-Herald. Speaking of a prominent man in the village, the traveler asked: "Is he a man of means?"

"Well, sir," the farmer replied, "he hasn't got much money, but he's mighty rich."

"He has a great deal of land, then?" was asked.

"No, sir, he hasn't got much land, either, but he is mighty rich."

The old farmer, with a pleased smile, observed his companion's puzzled look for a moment and then explained: "You see, he hasn't got much money and he hasn't got much land, but still he is rich because he never went to bed owing a man a cent in all his life. He lives as well as he wants to live, and he pays as he goes. He doesn't owe anything, and he isn't afraid of anybody. He tells every man the truth, and does his duty by himself, his family and his neighbors. His word is as good as his bond, and every man, woman and child in the town looks up to him and respects him. No, sir, he hasn't got much land, but he's a mighty rich man, because he's got all he wants."

The Land of Chestnuts.

The home of chestnuts is in France, where an enthusiastic admirer declares that they are "as common as beans in Boston." On such an extensive scale are they cultivated that one factory in Lyons handles over 25,000,000 pounds every year. The "marrons" are of course the great luxury, but among the poorer classes the smaller chestnuts, or "schataignes," are eaten. The United States consul at Lyons, John C. Covert, visited a large chestnut factory which employs 250 women and girls. The chestnuts are peeled and boiled and placed for three days in a vanilla sirup; then they are drained, coated thinly with vanilla and prepared for shipment. Mr. Covert is anxious that America should go extensively into chestnut growing, and believes that as sugar is 50 per cent. cheaper here than in France, the candied produet would soon undersell the French article. However, as marron trees do not yield profitably till they are ten years old, Mr. Covert admits tha there is no immediate prospect of a reduction in the price of the candied nuts.—Youth's Companion.

Queer South African Battle.

A traveler in South Africa tells of a queer battle he once witnessed. He was musing, with his eyes on the ground, when he noticed a caterpillar crawling along, followed by hundreds of small ants. Being quicker in their movements, the ants would catch up with the caterpillar, and one would mount his back and bite him. Pausing, the caterpillar would turn his head, and bite the ant and thus kill the tormentor. After slaughtering a dozen or more of his persecutors, the caterpillar showed signs of fatigue, and the ants then made a combined attack. Betaking himself to a stalk of grass, the caterpillar climbed up, tail first, followed by the ants. As each one approached, he seized it in his jaws, and threw it off the stalk. The ants, seeing that the caterpillar had too strong a position for them to overcome, resorted to strategy. They began sawing through the grass stalk. In a few minutes the stalk fell, and the entire force of ants pounced upon the caterpillar, killing it at once.

The Queen and Her English.

The shy and retiring disposition of Hawthorne has often been commented on. Yet on occasion he could be quite as clever with his tongue as with his pen.

It happened in England. Mr. Hawthorne was a guest at a formal dinner given to one of the foreign ambassadors. The conversation had turned upon an autograph letter of the queen, which happened to be very clumsily expressed.

"What do you think of the queen's letter, Mr. Hawthorne?" he was asked.

The man of letters was perplexed, but he replied that it showed very kind feeling.

"No," persisted the wicked interrogator, "but what do you think of the style?"

Mr. Hawthorne was equal to him. "The queen has a perfect right to do as she pleases with her own English," he replied.—Forward.

IN FAR-OFF LABRADOR.

Fur Hunters in That Country Who Have Just Heard of the Death of Queen Victoria.

Reports are reaching civilization of the operations of the past winter in the interior and upon the coast of Labrador. The season was, generally speaking, a mild one, and the fatalities among the Indians fewer than usual, a good supply of furs was secured, but none of such peculiar value as some of those taken during the preceding winter, says the New York Sun.

The highest price paid for a single skin of last winter's catch was $300, which was for a black silver fox, the king of all the fur-bearing animals of Labrador. Exactly double that amount was paid for a skin of the same variety, a very noble specimen, about a year ago. Prices in general are scarcely so good at present as they were this time last year.

Marten skins, which have brought as much as $25 a skin, sold this spring for from $15 to $18. Traders are especially proud of the otters and minks which they obtain from Labrador, which have fur of a peculiar fineness and luster.

The hunters from the interior of Labrador had not heard of the death of Queen Victoria until they emerged from the woods a few days ago. No mail matter can reach them during the winter. Even the residents along the coast had only six mails from autumn till spring, and these had to be conveyed over the snow by dogs, on sleighs, for want of proper roads and other means of conveyance.

Veritable Lions in a Salon.

At the Comtesse de Greffelhu's reception at Paris, when the music and singing had ended, two young lions entered the saloon dragging a car

THE NEW ENGLAND WOMAN.

Not a Prepossessing Figure in Outline or Motion, According to This Writer.

In body she belongs to a people which has spent its physical force, and lacks vitality, says Kate Stephens, in Atlantic. She is slight. There is lack of adipose tissue—reserve force—throughout her frame. Her lungs are apt to be weak, waist normal and hips undersized.

She is awkward in movement. Her climate has not suffered her relaxation and the ease and curve of motion that more enervating air imparts. This is seen even in public. In walking she holds her elbows set in an angle, and sometimes she steps out in the tilt of the Cantabrigian man. In this is perhaps an unconscious imitation, a sympathetic copying, of an admirable norm, but it is graceless in petticoats. As she steps, she knocks her skirt with her knees, and gives you the impression that her leg is crooked, that she does not lock her knee joint. More often she toes in than out.

She has a marvelously delicate, brilliant, fine-grained skin. It is innocent of powder and purely natural. No beer in past generations has entered its making, and no port; also, little flesh.

ABDUL HAMID II., SULTAN OF TURKEY.

This picture, taken from the New York Journal, is a reproduction of what is said to be the only likeness of the sultan made in recent years, the pictures of him formerly published having shown him only as a young man. The sultan is indeed an old man now. He suffers acutely and will not take anaesthetics to ease his pain. Suspicious, cruel, vindictive, lustful of power, Abdul Hamid II. awaits an end that—whether by revolution or assassination or by the action of heart-disease—must come, it seems, in a short time. He is well aware of this condition, and awaits his end with trembling fear.

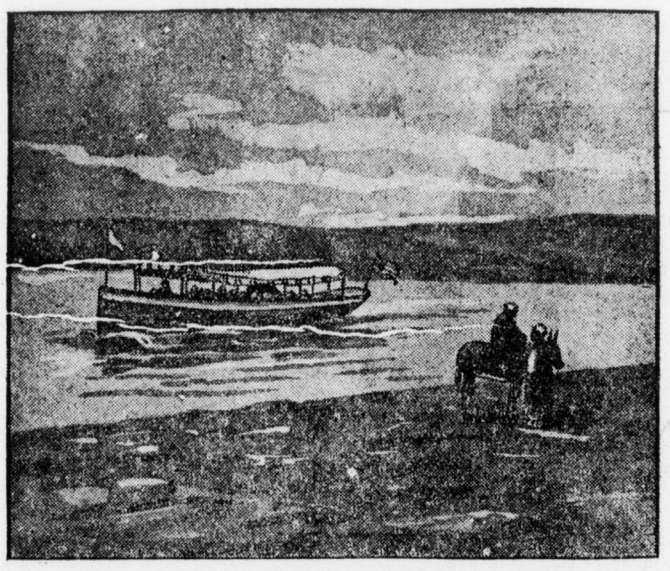
REFURNISHING WINDSOR.

The Old Furniture in the Castle Will Be Burned to Prevent Its Circulation.

His majesty intends to clear out a good deal of the old furniture and fittings at Windsor castle and replace them with his own. Having this in view, old residents have been on the lookout for signs of a bonfire somewhere in the precincts of the castle, for in past times, when any chairs and tables and other articles therein were condemned, it was the practice to have them burned, says Modern Society.

The object of this was to prevent pieces of furniture stamped with the queen's monograms from being let loose, as it were, and so allowed to drift into the hands of brokers, and thence into the possession of persons having no right to them, but willing to pay almost any price to be able to display such royal articles in their own houses. It was a wasteful expedient, but one can understand the need of such a precaution. There have been so many instances of royal gifts and discarded articles being found in shops and stores that some means of prevention are quite necessary. But up to the present time there have been no indications of a holocaust.

MOTOR BOATS ON THE DEAD SEA.



The Dead sea, which for thousands of years has been a forsaken solitude in the midst of a desert, on whose waves no rudder has been seen for centuries, is soon to have a line of motor boats. Owing to the continued increase in traffic and the influx of tourists a shorter route between Jerusalem and Kerak, the ancient capital of the Moabites, is desired, and German capitalists and merchants, who control the trade of that section, have determined to place a number of little steamers on the Dead sea. The boats will be about 100 feet in length, and carry 35 passengers and all kinds of freight.

decked with lilies and roses. It is a remarkable fact that they frightened nobody, but called forth the guests' unanimous applause. They were brought recently to France by Prince d'Arenburg, who was participating in the Paris-Berlin race and did not witness their triumph.

The Value of Shocked Nerves.

According to a legal decision in the Vienna courts "shock to the nerves" constitutes a serious accident, writes a Vienna correspondent. A passenger on a local line claimed damages, which were awarded him, for a shock to his nerves, caused by the conductor shouting out to the passengers to jump off the car as he feared a collision.

Need High Bidding.

Some people are always willing to do as they are bid, if the bid is high enough.—Puck.

Popular Science

INSECTS FOR FOOD.

Men of Science Proclaim Cockroaches and Locusts Rare Dainties, If Properly Prepared.

A French entomologist, M. Dagin, recommends insects as an article of food. He speaks with authority, having not only read through the whole literature of insect eating, but having himself tasted several hundreds of species raw, boiled, fried, broiled, roasted and hashed. He has even eaten spiders prepared according to the following recipe: "Take a plump spider, remove the legs and skin. Rub over with butter and swallow. However, he does not recommend them, but this may be prejudice on his part. He states two objections to spiders. They are not insects, and they feed on animal food.

Cockroaches are a foundation for a delicious soup. M. Dagin follows the recipe given by Senator Testelin in a speech delivered in the senate on February 12, 1878: "Pound your cockroaches in a mortar; put in a sieve, and pour in boiling water or beef stock." Connoisseurs prefer this to real bisque. M. Wilfrid de Fonvielle, the French scientist, prefers the cockroaches in the larval state. The perfect insect may be shelled and eaten like a shrimp; that way Dr. Gastler, member of the national assembly of 1848, used to eat them.

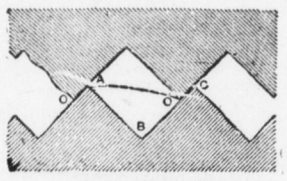
Caterpillars are a light food of easy digestion. Not only African and American native races but Frenchmen appreciate them. M. de Lalande, astronomer, had dinner every Saturday with the zoologist, Quatremere d'Isjonvalle. Mme. dIsjonvalle, who knew his tastes, collected in the afternoon all the caterpillars she could find in her garden and served them on a plate to her guest. The most popular insect food is the locust. It is eaten fried, dried in the sun, ground in flour, broiled (among the Beduin), boiled in milk (a Morocco recipe), or fried and served with rice as in Madagascar. The Jesuit Father Cambou thinks that locust flour might become popular in Europe as a condiment. Travelers' opinions on locusts differ. Amicis finds they taste like shrimps, Niebuhr like sardines, Livingston like caviare.

FRICTION AND SPEED.

A Clear Explanation of a Law That Has Seemed More or Less of a Mystery to Everybody.

The following explanation of why friction is less at high than at low speeds is due to Capt. Galton, who gave it in connection with the Galton-Westinghouse brake trials in England. Railway and Locomotive Engineering, in a discussion of the subject, calls it the clearest explanation yet given. Says the writer:

"It should be borne in mind that any two surfaces which are placed in contact are not perfectly smooth surfaces, but have small inequalities or roughness upon them. The figure shows in a very exaggerated form what two surfaces in contact may be supposed to



THE LAW OF FRICTION.

be like. When the two surfaces are at rest relatively to each other, the hills of the upper surface will fit closely into the hollows of the lower one. But if the surfaces are in rapid motion past each other, the upper surface will not have time to fit itself into the lower, but would take a position like that shown in the figure. Then any point at O of the upper surface would first be dragged up to the vertex A, and would then fly across the space A C, till it struck some point O on B C. As the speed was greater, the distance through which O would fall in the passage would be less; consequently the distance O C would be less, and the work of dragging O up to the vertex C would be less also. Hence it might be seen how the actual work done per foot-run of service, or, in other words, the apparent coefficient would be less as the speed was greater."

Liquid Air for Blasting.

In the new Simplon tunnel experiments have been made with liquid air for blasting purposes. The cartridges consisted of wrappers filled with paraffin and charcoal soaked with liquid air. When placed in the shot holes they were detonated with guncotton primers. The use of these cartridges was discontinued because they had to be fired within a few minutes after being taken out of the liquid, else their power was gone. But the problem of adapting liquid air to blasting is still being studied in Germany.

A Safe for Every Flat.

The latest convenience in the New York apartment is a private safe, built into the wall, and so arranged that only the tenant is acquainted with the combination. This makes it possible for the flat dweller possessing valuable silver, jewels and papers to keep them in his apartment instead of in the vaults of the safe deposit or the bank.

Texas Leads the World.

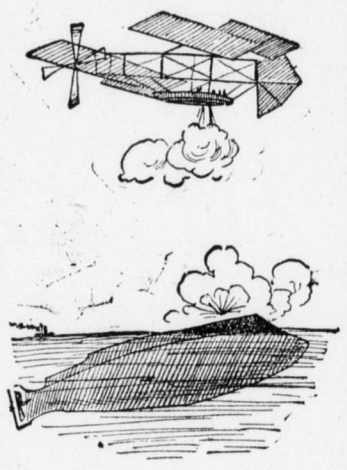
Texas produces aout a third of the cotton of the country. In peach production the state ranks next to Georgia.

SCIENCE IN WARFARE.

Naval Fight of the Future a Contest Between Flying Machine and Submarine Boat.

Navies are soon to disappear, according to a critic who has been watching recent mechanical depelopment. He knows that nothing is more likely to become obsolete than an existing naval institution, the moment something better is discovered, and he points to the rapid extinction of wooden warships propelled by sails when the Merrimac-Monitor fight demonstrated that with such vessels the greatest squadrons under the ablest commanders were at the mercy of a little iron monitor.

Man's command of the air through aeroplanes and flying machines, and his utilization of a water-blanket to protect submarine boats, will, says this critic, render ships that float on the surface worthless. The floating warship, he says, will be subject



NAVAL FIGHT OF THE FUTURE.

to attack from above and from beneath by enemies which it cannot reach.

He draws, therefore, an interesting and thrilling picture of a naval battle of the future, which includes a fight between a flying machine and a submarine boat. This, he says, is not so improbable as it seems.

The flying machine can, he says, see the submarine beneath the surface when it would be invisible to men on a vessel, just as the fish hawk can locate its submerged victim. As the aeroplane can move with celerity, it can hover over the submarine until the latter is compelled to come to the surface for air or rises for attack. Then it can drop dynamite bombs upon the submarine and train rapid-fires upon its thin shell.

The submarine, however, will not be quite helpless. A well-aimed shot from its bow rapid-fires (which can be uncovered the moment the nose of the boat rises above the surface) would instantly put the flying machine out of business, thus clearing the way for other submarines to rise to the surface or for a bevy of friendly flying machines to come up. Meanwhile, there would be no vessels in sight.

The critic does not, however, utterly extinguish ships. They can, he says, act in a subordinate capacity, dependent upon the preliminary fighting which must be done between flying machines and submarines to clear the mouths of harbors and make navigation safe. It is admitted that a big dynamite or guncotton bomb dropped from the air upon the deck of the strongest warship afloat might be likely to destroy it. Moreover, a submarine getting home a single torpedo upon the bottom of such a ship would sink it.

But naval officers (ever conservative and properly waiting for demonstrated superiority before accepting so-called improvements) comfort themselves with the reflection that command of the air and of the submarine world is far from being actually achieved, and that so far as anybody can see navies will remain in existence for a few years yet.

WARM WEATHER DIET.

Meats, Heavy Soups and Hot Bread Should Be Used Sparingly from June to October.

"It is astounding," said a physician to the writer, "how little thought the people give to their food in relation to various seasons of the year. To this very carelessness I lay much summer sickness, often an illness that ends fatally. Take the matter of leftovers. A warming hash, ragout or meat pie is all right for the depth of winter, but not for weather when the blood needs cooling. I would entreat every housekeeper not to buy a morsel of pork, ham or sausage from June till October. Reserve even beef, lamb and veal for the cooler days of summer, and in long hot spells let meat alone entirely. Nature provides for these burning days with vegetables and fruit, tender chicken and fine, firm, white-fleshed fish. If you have left-over foods to be utilized, convert them into chilled, appetizing salads instead of ragouts. If soups are a necessity, let them be thin consomme or chicken soup, not purees or bisques. I would prohibit pie and rich cake, and let fruit, ices, delicate jellies or milk puddings take their place. I'd also put a veto on hot breads. If people could turn an X-ray on the poor, overworked stomachs I'm called to care for all summer long and see the mischief done by overeating and eating things that have no business to be cooked in hot weather, they would realize I am speaking earnest truth." — Good Housekeeping.

THE FARMING WORLD

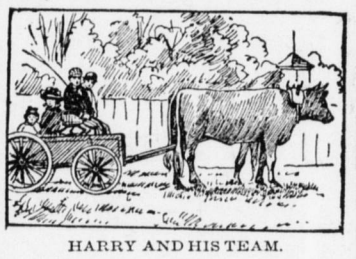
WIDE-AWAKE FARM BOY.

Evidently This Youngster Is Determined to Make Agriculture a Profitable Occupation.

This article is for the boys; those live, up-to-date lads that like the farm and its stock. The boy that it is about lives in Portage county, and I know that you will be interested in hearing about him. Last fall the writer attended the Chagrin Falls fair, and on the road from that fair we passed a boy driving a pair of calves hitched to a wagon. He was sitting on the spring seat, whip in hand, as dignified as any grown man. The calves were well broken, and they responded perfectly to a word and a light tap of the whip which he carried in his hand. We noticed that he never beat them or yelled at them, as some grown persons do when they drive oxen.

We thought: "Now, here is a nice picture," so it was arranged that Harry Stebbins (for this is the boy's name) should bring his calves and wagon over to Mr. John Gould's the next day and have their photograph taken. The next forenoon Harry was on hand with his outfit, and Mr. Gould borrowed a neighbor's children to help fill the wagon, for that is the only way John has any children of his own. The sun was just right on the south side of the windmill, derrick and large maple in the yard. Sitting there in the morning sunlight, Harry looked as pleased as a "sure-enough" farmer. Snap went the camera, and the picture was taken as quick as a flash, and you can see all just as they looked.

You will think it must have taken Harry lots of time to break these



HARRY AND HIS TEAM.

calves. Yes, it did, but then boys have lots of odd hours, and Harry used his in training his calves, besides forming the habit of industry.

The managers of the fair invited Harry to bring his trained calves to the fair and go in the procession in the ring, and gave him a premium for doing so. That was why he was feeling so gay and proud coming home that evening from the county fair. His little yoke of steers, one year old, had won a prize all through his own efforts.

One day Harry's father wanted some bran from the feed store, two miles away, and Harry said he could go after it with his wagon and calves. There was a big hill to come up on the road home, and Harry's father thought that they could not haul more than 200 or 300 pounds, but Mr. Stebbins was surprised to see them bring home 700 pounds. Some time before Christmas Harry sold his calves for $45 to a man in the neighborhood who wanted a young yoke of oxen for his farm. He is breaking another pair, getting them ready for work on the farm. Apparently this boy is cultivating a love for farm industries that will make the right sort of a farmer.—George E. Scott, in Ohio Farmer.

Our Sturdy Country Boys.

There is no question of the influence which the sturdy outdoor life has upon country boys; and the fact that the life is harnessed to regular, imperative duties is to the boy's advantage. He is developed gradually and healthily, his mind following his physical strength rather than the reverse. And around him, for his everyday observation and study, are the very best object lessons possible for a boy's developing life. He associates familiarly with nature during his work and recreation; and even during his sleep, the air which enters his open chamber window is laden with the odors of apple blossoms, or the harvest season, or, perhaps, is the pure, stimulating atmosphere of the white, undulating winter fields. But it all goes toward making him stronger, sturdier, more self-reliant, more ambitious, more observing. He is healthy all through, physically, mentally, morally.—Farm Journal.

Remedy for Duck Cholera.

Mix up a batch of Douglass mixture and use, according to following directions. It is one of the best poultry tonics: Dissolve one pound of copperas (sulphate of iron) in two gallons water, and add one ounce sulphuric acid. The latter must be carefully handled, as it is a dangerous poison. The dose of the mixture is one teaspoonful to each quart of drinking water. Do not use except in cases of disease, or when it is threatened. Good in cases of roup and cholera and as a disinfectant. Keep the ducks in a well sheltered place; don't allow them to get wet. Feed clean grain and plenty of green grass.—Ohio Farmer.

By all means use water fountains, or at least some form of water vessel that the flock cannot be foulwith their feet or otherwise. Set in shady places and fill daily with fresh water.

The ram controls the extenal points such as color, size and wool, and the ewe the disposition, constitution and vitality.

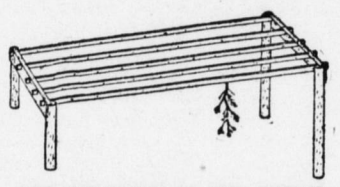
264995

FLY BRUSH FOR CATTLE.

A Simple Arrangement Which Enables Stock to Wage War Against Insect Enemies.

In the summer it is just as necessary to provide cattle with a place in the pasture field where they may brush off the flies as it is to furnish shade, food or drink. The device in the illustration shows a good arrangement for this purpose. It consists first of four posts set in the form of a rectangle 12 feet long and eight feet wide. At one end the posts are about 5½ feet high, at the other only three feet. Across each end of the rectangle an eight-inch board is nailed at the top of the posts. In the upper edge of these boards are cut notches about four inches deep and 2½ inches wide. Beginning next to the posts these notches are cut at intervals of 18 or 20 inches.

Now take boards four inches wide, 13 feet long and not heavier than one



ARRANGEMENT OF THE BRUSH.

inch thick. Arrange these in pairs, as many pairs as there are notches in each end board, and bore holes through them at intervals of one foot, preparatory to bolting them together. Brush which has been collected from the thicket is now placed between these boards and clamped fast. For the sake of clearness only one of these brush is shown in the illustration. The clamps thus formed are now placed in the notches prepared for them in the end boards, with the brush hanging down. They are held down by a narrow board nailed across the tops of the posts at each end.

The device is now complete. The difference in height at the two ends makes it suitable for cattle of all sizes. The brush will last for a long time, but should they become much worn, or old and brash, they may be easily replaced. —Orange Judd Farmer.

DRESSING SHEEPSKINS.

Not a very Intricate Operation If Executed According to the Directions Given Herewith.

To tan sheep hides with the wool on and to dye wool on the same, spread skin, flesh side up, when taken off. Sprinkle pulverized alum over it, followed by a little saltpeter and plenty of common salt. Roll up and put where it will not freeze. Two ounces each of alum and salt will tan a sheep or other similar sized skin. When the skin is tanned the flesh on it will rub off easily. Then nail the skin to boards in the sun, stretching it tight, and apply a little neatsfoot oil, which should afterward be worked out with a wedge-shaped piece of wood. The skin is then wet until soft and then worked until dry. If it is not worked and rubbed it will dry harsh and stiff. For sheep and lamb skins a strong suds is usually first made with hot water, in which the skins are washed carefully, squeezing them between the hands to get the dirt out of the wool. The skin is then washed in clear water, and alum and salt, half a pound each are dissolved in a little hot water, which is put into enough cold water in a tub to cover two skins. Let soak over night and then hang on a pole to drain. When well drained, spread, stretch and tack them to a board, flesh side up. While yet a little damp put on the pulverized saltpeter and alum, rub it in well, then lay the flesh sides of two skins together and hang them in the shade two or three days, turning the under skin uppermost every day until perfectly dry. Then scrape the flesh side with a dull knife to remove the remaining scraps of flesh and rub the flesh side with pumice stone and afterward with the hands, until soft and pliable. For dyeing buy the analine dyes, of the colors wanted, and get directions with them. —Home, Stock and Farm.

SHEEP ON THE FARM.

They Are of Inestimable Value Because of Their Fondness for Young Sprouts and Weeds.

The sheep is among the most useful and valuable of domestic animals, being a producer of wool used for clothing and other purposes, and of wholesome meat. But the sheep also is of large value on the farm because of his fondness for young sprouts and weeds.

According to an authority there are nearly 600 varieties of known weeds, of which sheep will eat 515 kinds, while horses, cattle and hogs will eat but a few varieties. It is apparent that every farmer could well afford to raise a few sheep if for no purpose other than the destruction of weeds.

Weeds increase in numbers and varieties as the country grows older. They are found most abundantly in the old countries of Europe. Their steady increase in this country demands that farmers should raise sheep as among other means looking to their extermination.

By all means get two or three ewes already bred and give them the run of that foul pasture. Increase the flock by breeding and purchase if advisable, until the number is sufficient to keep down the weeds on a given area.

No farm is properly equipped without sheep.—Farmers' Voice.

Dwarf Essex rape will furnish green food for young and old birds. Sow now or any time up to September.

The surplus layers should be started on the way to market. The chicks will soon need more room.

BEAUTIFUL LADIES
GIVE VALUABLE ADVICE
TO SUFFERING SISTERS.

Peruna the Great Tonic Cures Catarrhal Dyspepsia of Summer.

For Ills Peculiar to Women, Peruna is an Invaluable Remedy.

KATHLEEN GRAHAM.

Miss Kathleen Graham, 1459 Florida Ave., N. W. Wash., D. C., writes: "At the solicitation of a friend I was advised to use Peruna and after the use of one bottle for dyspepsia I felt almost entirely cured. I take pleasure in recommending your remedy to anyone who needs an invigorating tonic."—Kathleen Graham.

FLORENCE ALLAN.

Miss Florence Allan, 75 Walton Place, Chicago, Ill., writes: "As a tonic for a worn out system Peruna stands at the head in my estimation. Its effects are truly wonderful in rejuvenating the entire system. I keep it on hand all the time and never have that 'tired feeling' as a few doses always makes me feel like a different woman."—Florence Allan.

Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, a prominent authority on women's catarrhal diseases will take charge of as many cases of female catarrh as make application to him during the summer months. Advice free. Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

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MILLIONS OF MOTHERS
USE CUTICURA SOAP ASSISTED BY CUTICURA OINTMENT THE GREAT SKIN CURE

For preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin of infants and children, for rashes, itchings, and chafings, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use Cuticura Soap in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. Cuticura Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. It unites in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap and the BEST toilet, bath, and baby soap in the world.

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Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27-23, Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U.S.A.

SOZODONT for the Teeth and Breath 25°
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STARK TREES best by Test—77 YEARS LARGEST Nursery. FRUIT BOOK free. We PAY CASH WANT MORE SALESMEN Weekly STARK BROS, Louisiana, Mo.; Dansville, N. Y.; Etc

RHEUMATISM Van Buren's Rheumatic Compound is the only positive cure. Past experience speaks for itself. Depot 115 S. California Ave., Chicago.

A. N. K.—C 1873

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

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4 US AFTERBATH

It makes the skin white and soft, removes pimples and dandruff and all eruptions from the person.

For the Head and Hair and Body.

The body and limbs of every child should be rubbed with 4 Us after every bath. Just enough dropped in the palm of the hand to rub over every part of the surface of a child, once a day will keep the skin soft and white, the pores free from getting clogged with impurity passing out from the system. A teaspoon full is sufficient to moisten the cuticle (skin covering) of a grown person. The effect is wonderful: pimples on the body and face are entirely removed by a few applications of the 4 Us. Druggists sell it.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Price 50c. and $1. Large size contains 2½ times small size. Book all about dyspepsia mailed free

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Men Suffering

from loss of nervous force often owe their condition to youthful ignorance—that fearful enemy to health.

It is the business of science to repair the damage caused by the thoughtless practices of youth.

Nervous Debility never gets well of itself. Its victims drag through a miserable existence, weak, listless, despondent.

Sexine Pills

literally feed the hungry nerves, giving them the precise ingredients demanded by nature. This wonderful remedy cures Nervous Debility, stops all drains, replaces wasted tissues, sends rich, warm life blood tingling through every part, making every organ act and causing you to glow with health.

$1.00 per box; 6 boxes (with guarantee to cure), $5.00. Book free. PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

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REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

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D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Deyore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction. Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 25 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 Cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

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Krause's Headache Capsules

were the first headache capsules put on the market. Their immediate success resulted in a host of imitations, containing antipyrine, chloral, morphine and other injurious drugs, purporting to be "just as good." Avoid these imitations and insist on your having Krause's, which speedily cure the most severe cases and leaves no bad after effects. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

The egotistical person has an "I" only for himself.

Jangling Nerves.

Are you irritable? Do you sleep badly? Is it hard to concentrate your thoughts? Is your appetite poor? Do you feel tired, restless and despondent? Try Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound. It will do you more good than any thing you have ever tried. Sold by L. Taggart.

A wise man never attempts to look dignified in a barber chair.

If You Have Headaches

don't experiment with alleged cures. Buy Krause's Headache Capsules, which will cure any headache in half an hour, no matter what causes it. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

To be well-groomed is better than to be well gowned these days.

Colds Melt Away

if you use Krause's Cold Cure. Prepared in convenient capsule form they are easy to take and effect a speedy cure of the most obstinate cases. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

No child is ever sufficiently grateful for the love of a good mother.

White Man Turned Yellow.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty, of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful Stomach and Liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 25c. Sold by L. Taggart Druggist.

It only takes a spell of sickness to prove who are our best friends.

She Didn't Wear A Mask.

But her beauty was completely hidden by sores, blotches and pimples till she used Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Then they vanished as will all Eruptions, Fever Sores, Boils, Ulcers, Carbuncles and Felons from its use. Infallible for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Scalds and Piles. Cure guaranteed. 25c at L. Taggart's.

A Poor Millionaire.

Lately starved in London because he could not digest his food. Early use of Dr. King's New Life Pills would have saved him. They strengthen the stomach, aid digestion, promote assimilation, improve appetite. Price 25c. Money back if not satisfied. Sold by L. Taggart, druggist.

A well-dressed lady always spends a lot of time picking out her hats.

If the stomach, liver and bowels fail to perform their functions regularly and naturally, the blood becomes contaminated with impurities, and the whole system is in consequence debilitated. HERBINE is remarkable for its efficacy in curing the ailments of summer, and the disorders prevalent during the hot weather. Price, 50 cents. L. Taggart.

Where do all the people come from that bob up so suddenly at a fire?

It Dazzles The World.

No Discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It's severest tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousand of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickeet, surest cure in the world. It is sold by L. Taggart who guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Large bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

As a rule, the woman-heart appeals to men more than the business-head.

The Best Liniment for Strains.

Mr. F. H. Wells, the merchant at Deer Park, Long Island, N. Y., says: "I always recommend Chamberlain's Pain Balm as the best liniment for strains. I used it last winter for a severe lameness in the side, resulting from a strain, and was greatly pleased with the quick relief and cure it effected." For sale by L. Taggart.

Some of the summer laces are beautiful enough to make a dress for Titania.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. 26ly

ALL SORTS.

The piles that annoy you so will be quickly and permanently healed if you use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of worthless counterfeits. R. C. Dodson.

The trouble we do not talk about is generally the one that is hardest to bear.

When you want a modern, up-to-date physic, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at L. Taggart's drug store.

There is a lot of baby talk going on in the world that is never intended for infantile ears.

A bad complexion generally results from inactive liver and bowels. In all such cases, DeWitt's Little Early Risers produce gratifying results. R. C. Dodson.

Every time a man lifts his wife's satchel he asks: "Gracious, what have I put in here?"

The way to gain a good reputation is to endeavor to be what you desire to appear." That is precisely the manner in which Chamberlains Cough Remedy has gained its reputation as a cure for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough. Every bottle that has ever been put out by the manufacturers has been fully up to the high standard of excellence claimed for it. People have found that it can always be depended upon for the relief and cure of these ailments and that it is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by L. Taggart.

The optimist is the man who can read a work on Arctic exploration on a sizzling hot day and feel cool.

It is easier to keep well than get cured. DeWitt's Little Early Risers taken now and then, will always keep your bowels in perfect order. They never gripe but promote an easy gentle action. R. C. Dodson.

It only takes a day like yesterday to make you realize that the ice in the pitcher is all it's cracked up to be.

Business men who lack the vim, snap and vigor they once had, should use HERBINE, it will purify the blood, strengthen and invigorate the system. Price, 50 cents. L. Taggart.

In the truly happy marriage, the wife always allows her husband to attend to the selection of his own neckties and socks.

Those famous little pills, DeWitt's Little Early Risers compel your liver and bowls to do their duty, thus giving you pure, rich blood to recuperate your body. Are easy to take. Never gripe. R. C. Dodson.

The most elaborate white petticoat is not to be compared with a plain little dark one for appropriateness on a rainy day.

Those who live on farms are especially liable to many accidental cuts, burns and bruises which heal rapidly when BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT is applied. Price, 25 and 50cents. L. Taggart.

A small unruly wisp of hair jutting out at right angles back of a man's cranium can spoil the effect of the most cameo-like profile.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve should be promptly applied to cuts, burns and scalds. It soothes and quickly heals the injured part. There are worthless counterfeits, be sure and get DeWitt's. R. C. Dodson.

No matter how much of a musician a girl is, she is a much better one than her neighbors think.

HERBINE clears the complexion, gives buoyancy to the mind, cures headache, regulates the stomach and bowels, stimulates the liver, and is, in fact, a perfect guardian of the health. Price, 50 cents. L. Taggart.

We might as well understand each other; we are not having enougn rain and it is too hot.

"I am indebted to One Minute Cough Cure for my present good health and my life. I. was treated in vain by doctors for lung trouble following la grippe. I took One Minute Cough Cure and recovered my health. Mr. E. H. Wise, Madison, Ga. R. C. Dodson.

Getting mad does some people as much good as a dose of medicine.

You can never cure dyspepsia by dieting. What your body needs is plenty of good food properly digested. Then if your stomach will not digest it, Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will. It contains all of the natural digestants hence must digest every class of food and so prepare it that nature can use it in nourishing the body and replacing the wasted tissues, thus giving life, health, strength ambition, pure blood and good healthy appetite. R. C. Dodson.

It is easy to forgive when you know that there'll come a day.

"I wish to truthfully state to you and the readers of these few lines that your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is without question, the best and only cure for dyspepsia that I have come in contact with and I have used many other preparations. John Beam, West Middlesex, Pa. No preparation equals Kodol Dyspepsia Cure as it contains all the natural digestants. It will digest all kinds of food and can't help but do you good. R. C. Dodson.

When a man talks to you about spring fever, he is acknowledging that he is lazy.

There is no longer an excuse for anyone to endure the torture inflicted by piles when TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT will cure them, a remedy so moderate in price and so effective. Price, 50 cents in bottles. Tubes, 75 cents. L. Taggart.

Summer complaint is unusually prevalent among children this season. A well developed case in the writer's family was cured last week by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy—one of the best patent medicines manufactured and which is always kept on hand at the home of ye scribe. This is not intended as a free puff for the company, who do not advertise with us, but to benefit little sufferers who may not be within easy access of a physician. No family should be without a bottle of this medicine in the house, especially in summer time.—Lansing; Iowa, Journal. For sale by L. Taggart.

Nothing pleases a man more than to be seen working around his yard in the evenings.

Heartburn.

When the quantity of food taken is too large or the quality too rich, heartburn is likely to follow, and especially so if the digestion has been weakened by constipation. Eat slowly and not too freely of easily digested food. Masticate the food thoroughly. Let six hours elapse between meals and when you feel a fullness and weight in the region of the stomach after eating, indicating that you have eaten too much, take one of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and the heartburn may be avoided. For sale by L. Taggart.

A real good wife is one that will let her husband tell a story without interrupting him.

The Same Old Story.

J. A. Kelly relates an experience similar to that which has happened in almost every neighborhood in the United States and has been told and re-told by thousands of others. He says: "Last summer I had an attack of dysentery and purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used according to directions and with entirely satisfactory results. The trouble was controlled much quicker than former attacks when I used other remedies." Mr. Kelly is a well known citizen of Henderson, N. C. For sale by L. Taggart.

Dr. Humphreys'

Specifics cure by acting directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in any other part of the system.

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic...	.25
3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.....	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo..	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods.....	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.....	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.....	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions..	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.....	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.....	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping-Cough.....	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.....	.25
28	Nervous Debility.....	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.....	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever.....	.25

Dr. Humphreys' Manual of All Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free.

Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

The Cure that Cures

Coughs, Colds, Grippe,

Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is

OTTO'S CURE

The GERMAN REMEDY

Cures throat and lung diseases. Sold by all druggists. 25&50cts

Sold by R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa

MOST IN QUANTITY. BEST IN QUALITY.

WORMS!

WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE

FOR 20 YEARS Has led all WORM Remedies.

EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Prepared by RICHARDSON MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS.

For sale by L. Taggart. 35-26-ly.

DR. FENNER'S

Blood & Liver REMEDY AND NERVE TONIC.

Purifies the Blood. Builds up the Nerves.

R. C. Dodson, Agent, Emporium, Pa

35-9ly.

Madam French Female Dean's Pills.

A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free.

UNITED MEDICAL CO., Box 74, LANCASTER, PA.

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FANCY DRY GOODS

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We have gathered such articles as combine elegance with utility and at

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CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

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In Use For Over 30 Years.

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- - Spring - Announcement. - -

Well, here we are trying to get our share of the trade of Emporium and vicinity.

We are better prepared than ever before to fill all of your wants. Having added to our stock a

Full Line of Groceries,

and have not neglected to add to the Dry Goods and Notion departments fresh and seasonable goods. Our Lace Curtain stock was never so complete as NOW. A full stock of muslins, prints, percales, ginghams and White Goods. An especially nice line of Black Dress Goods.

Dress and Work Shoes for Ladies Gentlemen and Children.

CARPETS AND MATTINGS, Oil Cloths, &c., &c. Come and see how well we will please you.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Assignee.

HEALTH AND VITALITY

DR. MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

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